

Panoptic Studio

A Massively Multiview System for **Social Motion Capture**

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Robotics Institute
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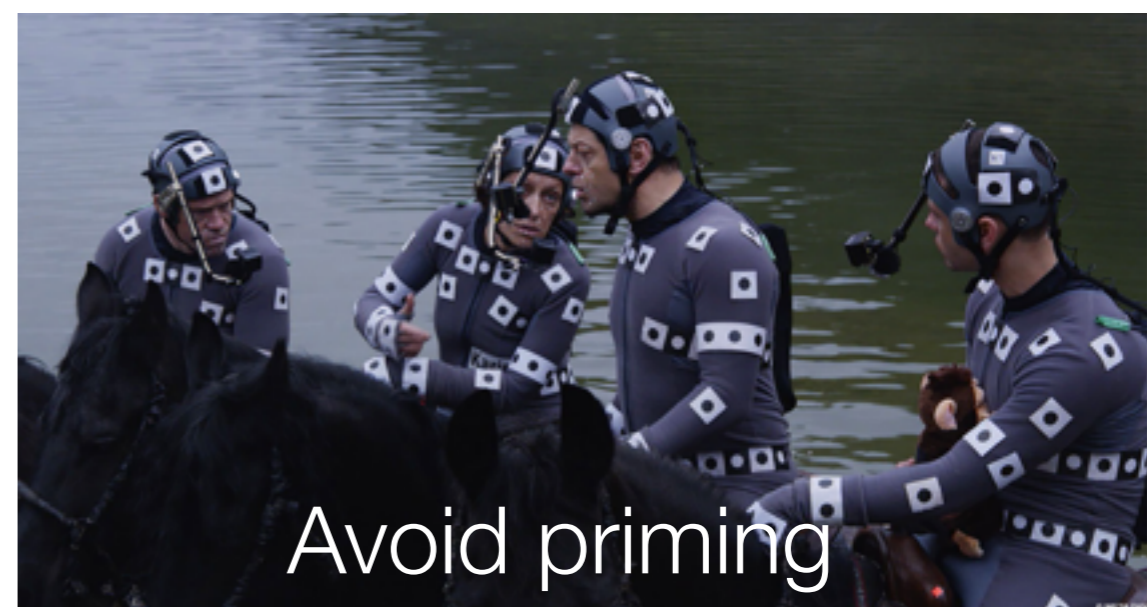
Social Motion Capture

Measuring Nonverbal Signals of Socially Interacting People



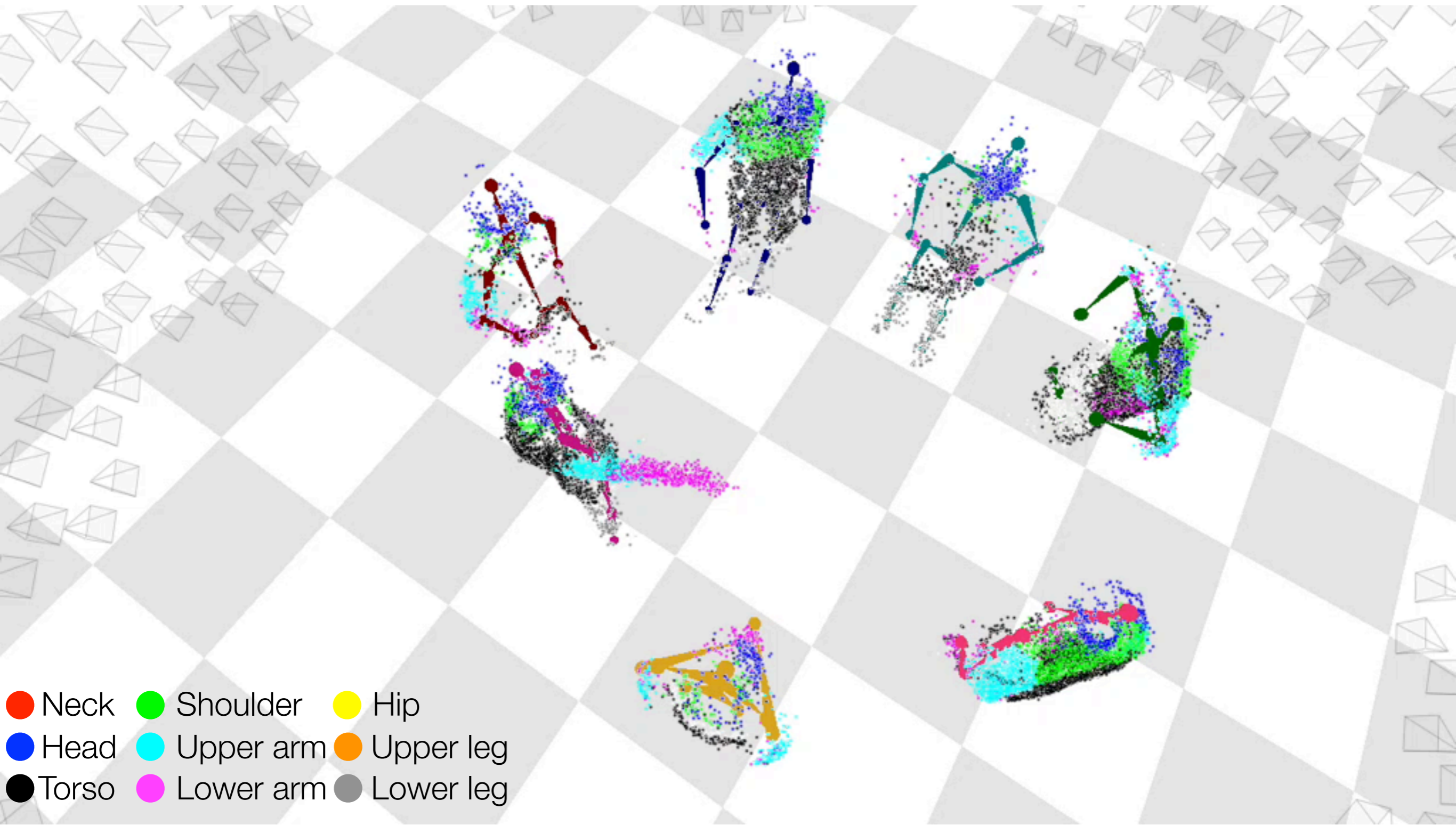
Technical Challenges

Sensing Challenges and Priming Issue



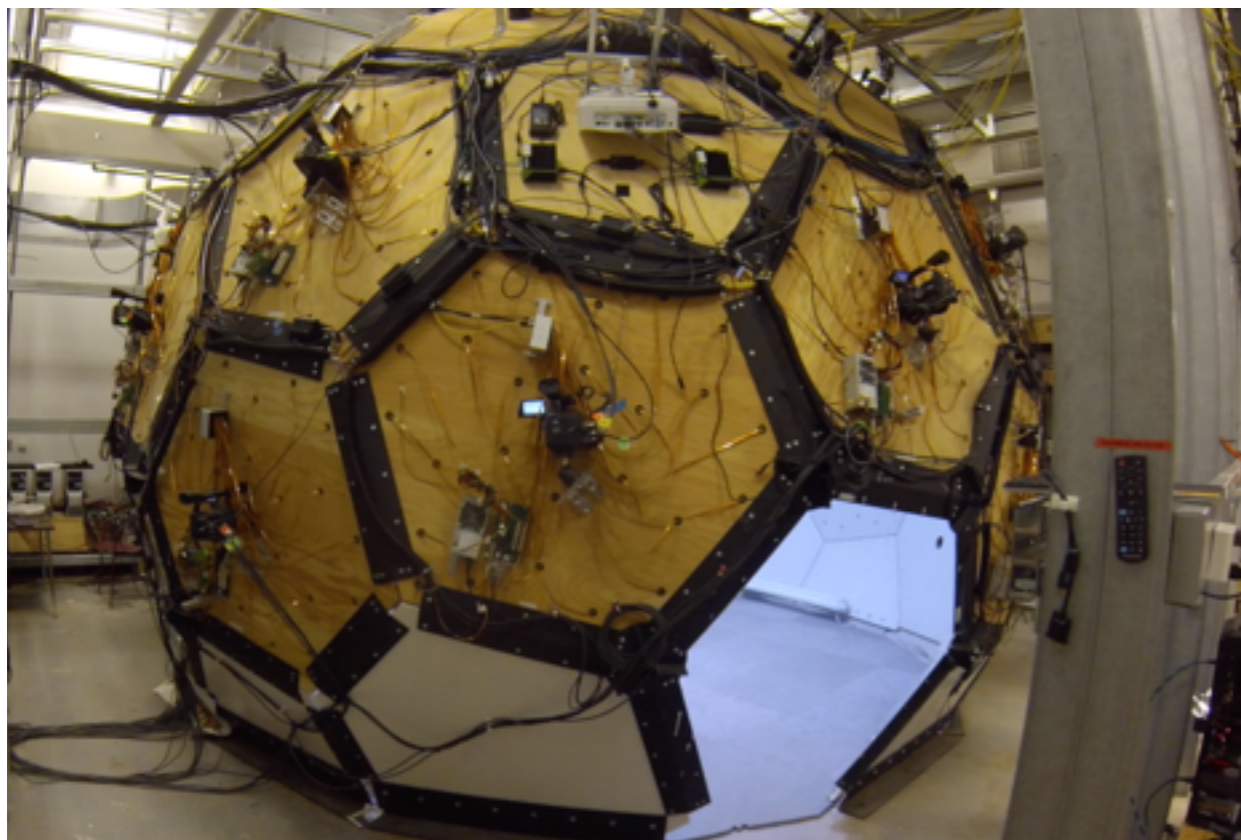
Output

Labelled Point Trajectories with Skeletal Structures



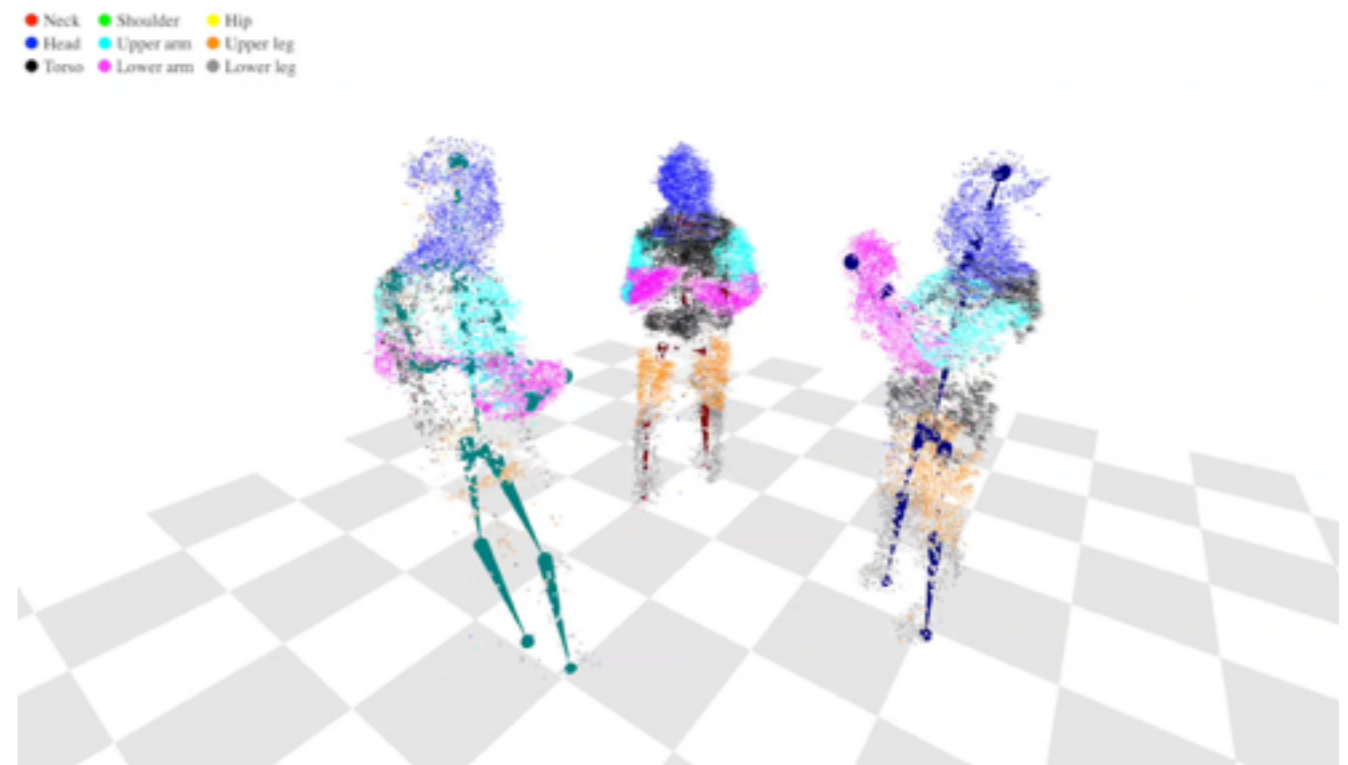
Technical Contribution

Novel Hardware and Software Systems
for Social Motion Capture



The Panoptic Studio

- 480 Cameras
- Modularized design
- Synchronization

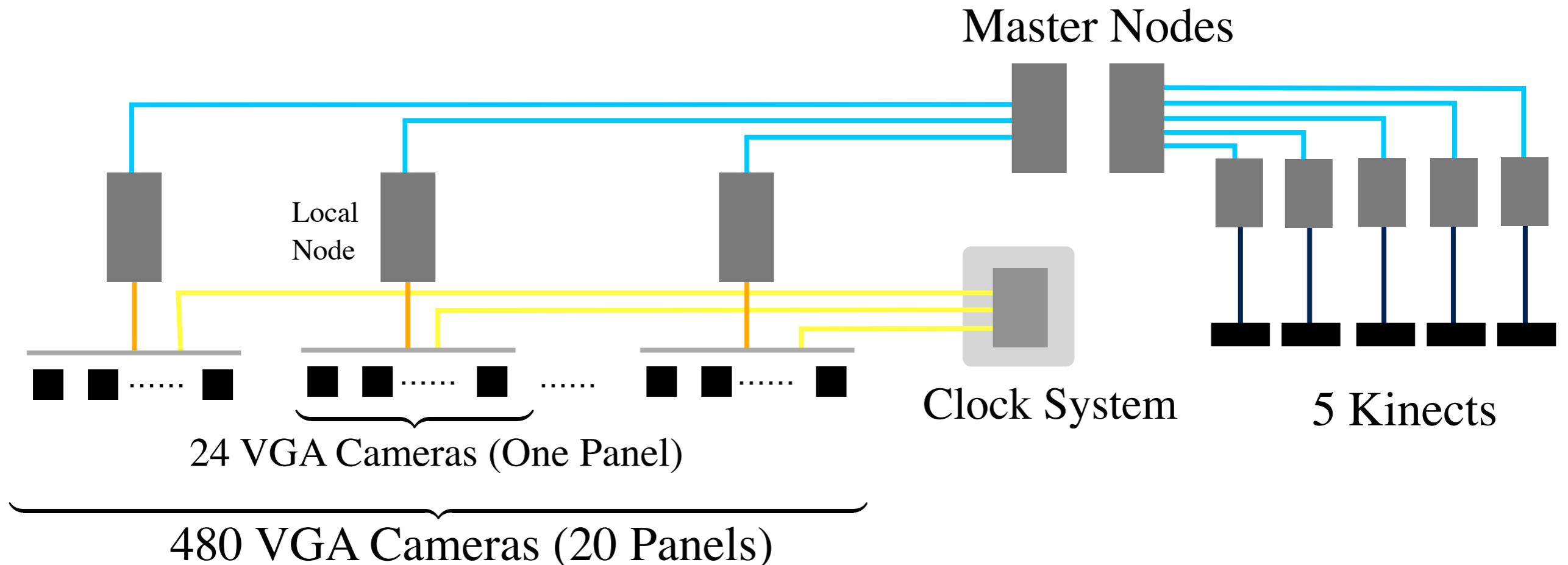


Social motion capture

- Boost large number of simple processes
- No subject-specific template is needed

The Panoptic Studio

Hardware Architecture



— Optical Fiber

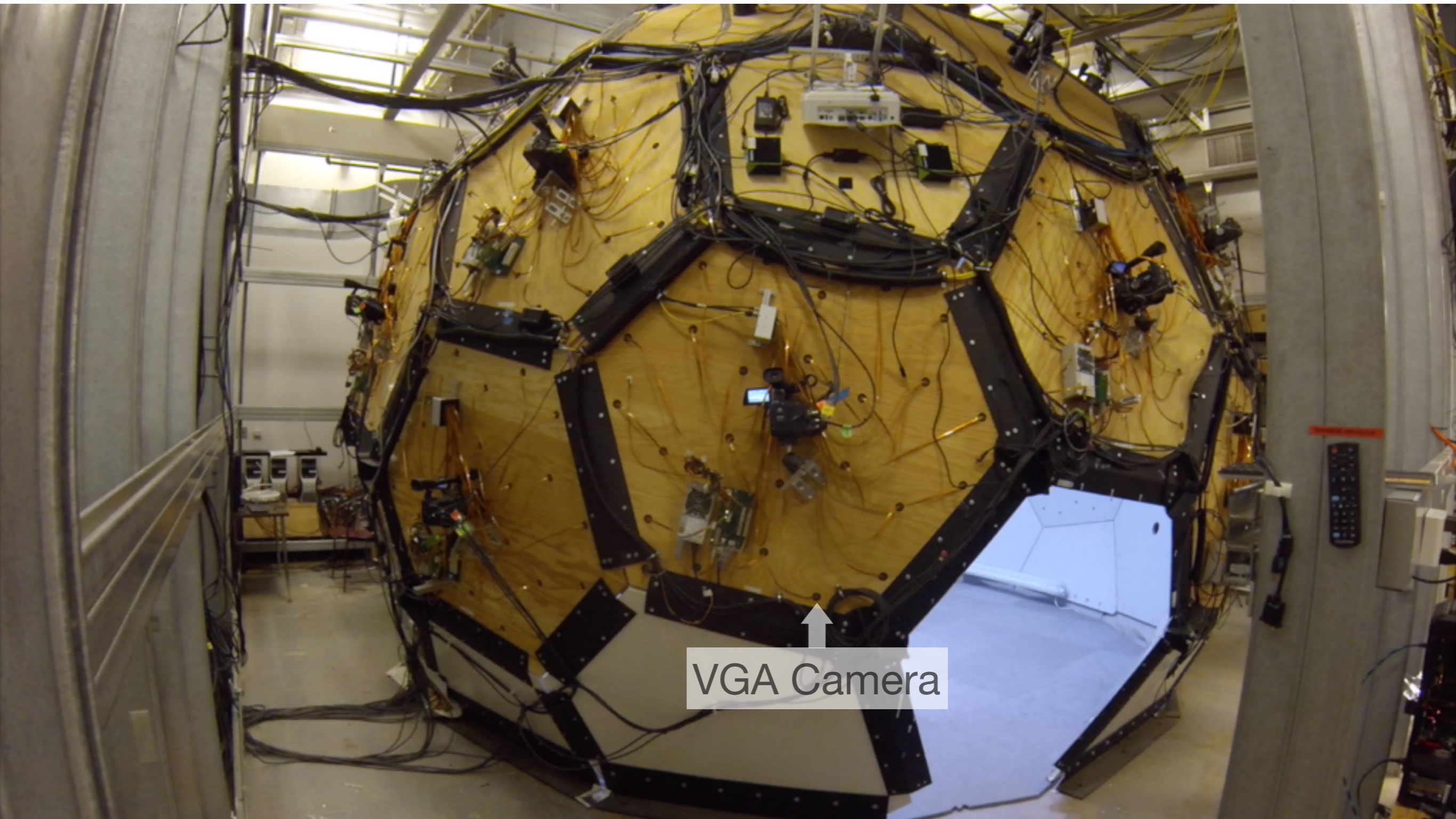
— Gigabit Ethernet

— Linear Time Code

— USB 3.0

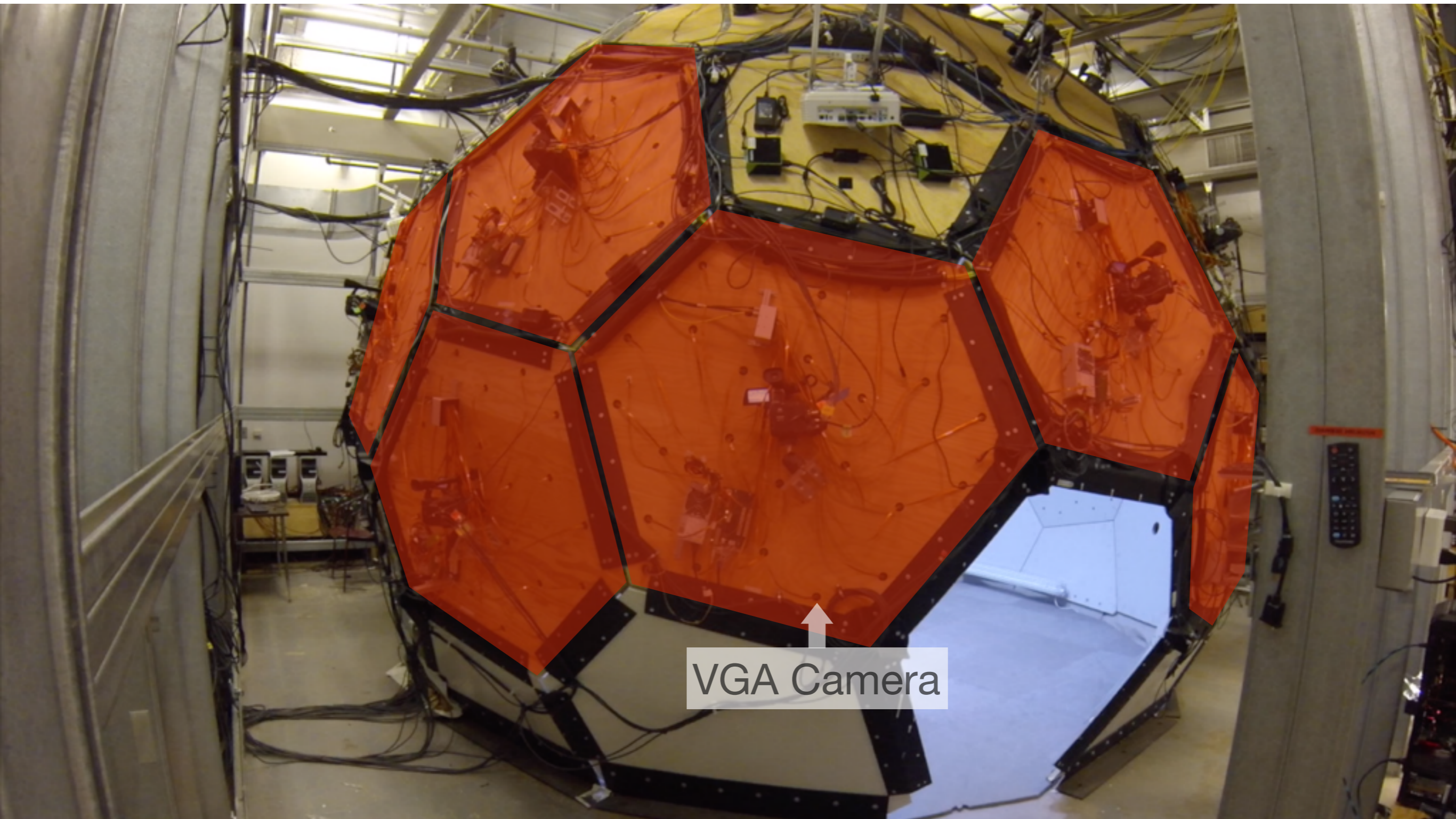
The Panoptic Studio

A Massively Multiview System with 480 Cameras



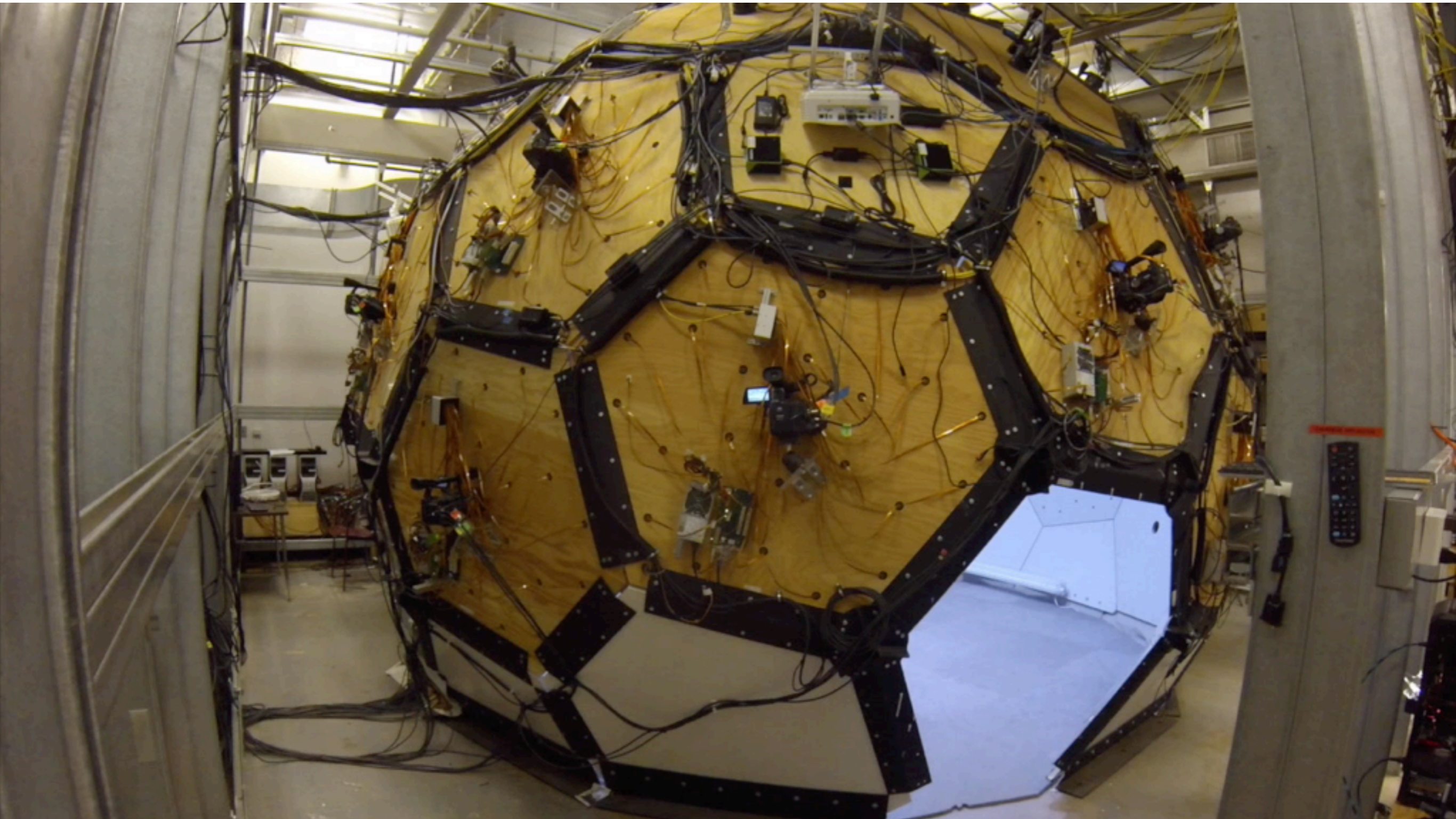
The Panoptic Studio

Modularized Design with 20 Panels



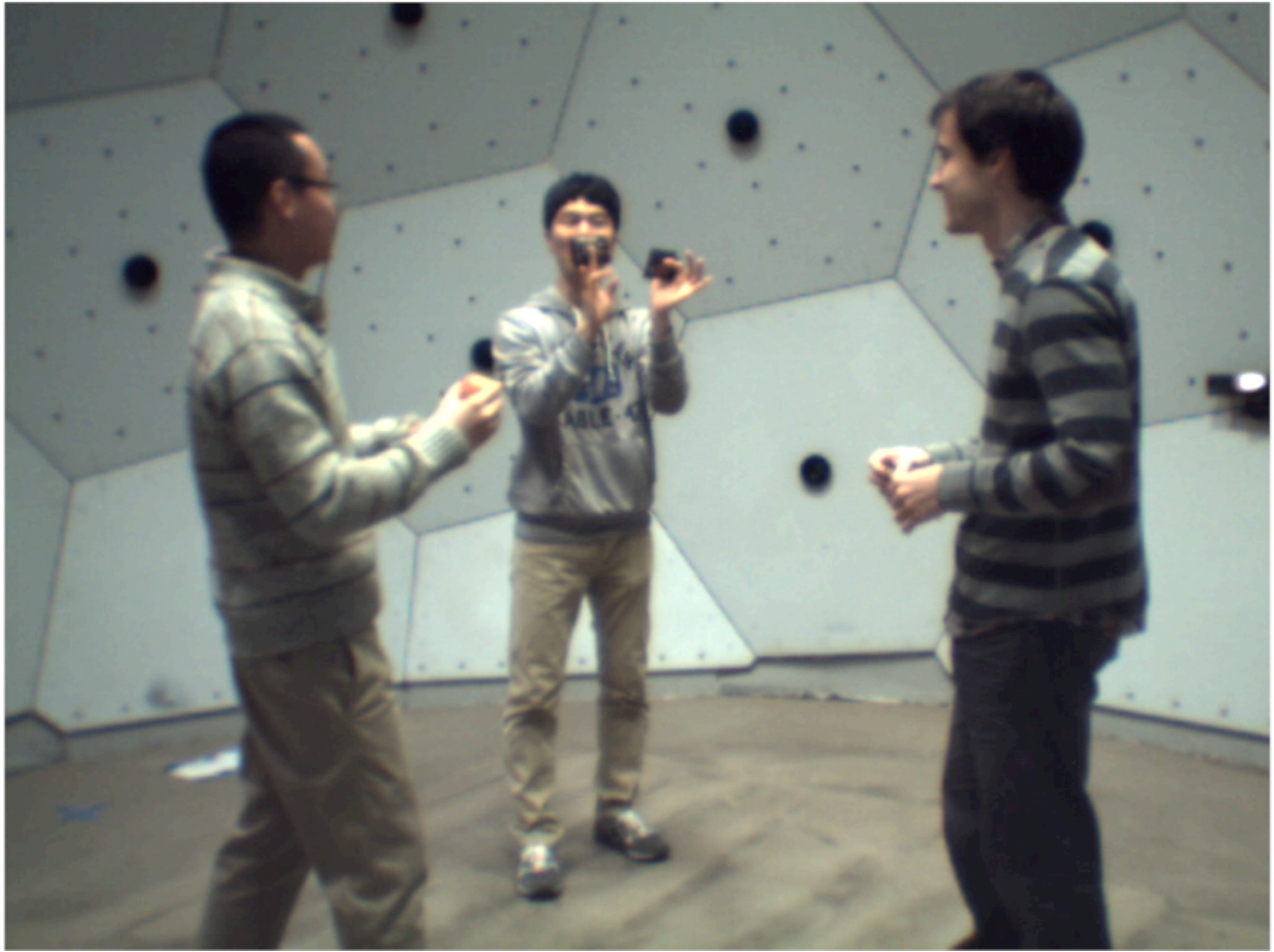
The Panoptic Studio

Modularized Design with 20 Panels



An Example Social Scene

An Example Video



An Example Social Scene

480 Unique Input Views

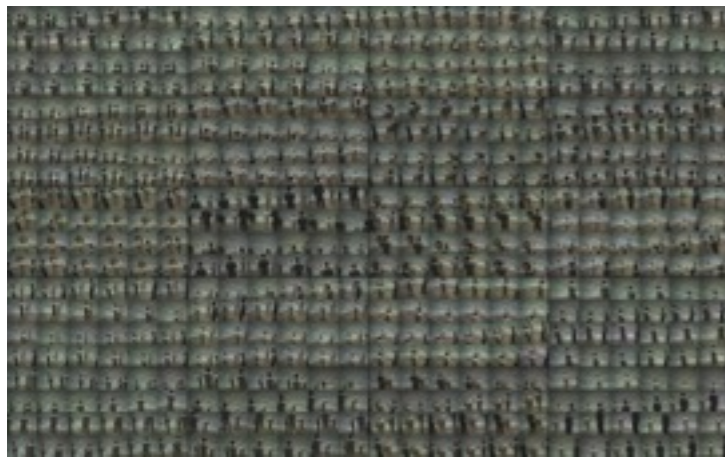


220GB/min

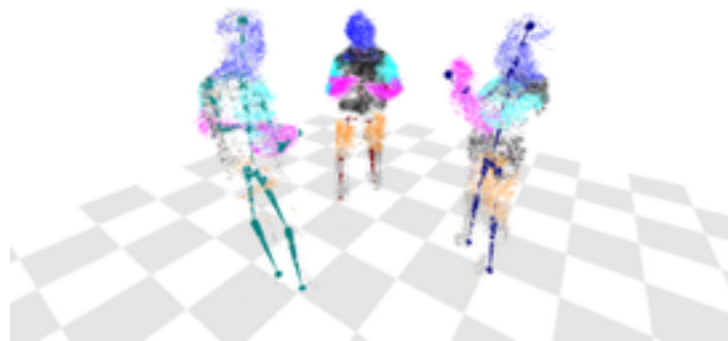
Social Motion Capture Algorithm

Boost A Large Number of “Weak” Perceptual Processes

Goal

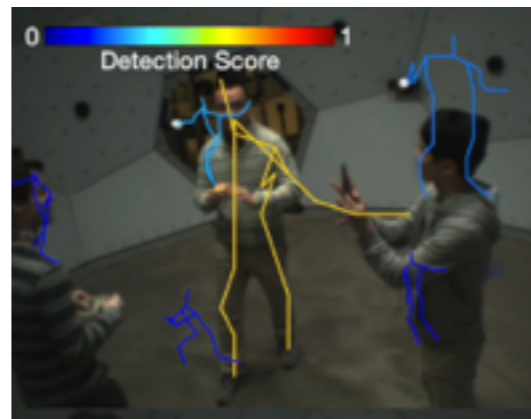


480 view



Automatically labelled trajectories

Low-level cues



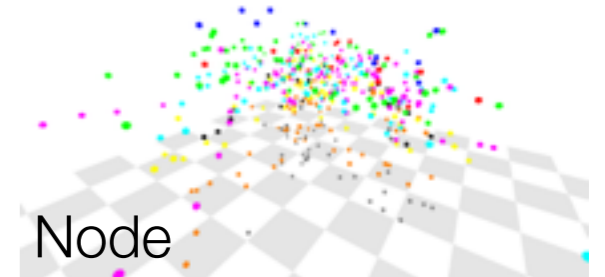
Appearance cue
(Pose detection)

+

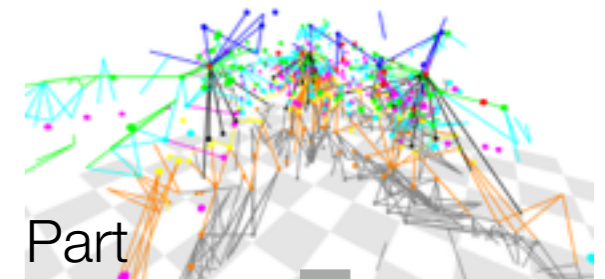


Motion cue
(Dense 3D trajectories)

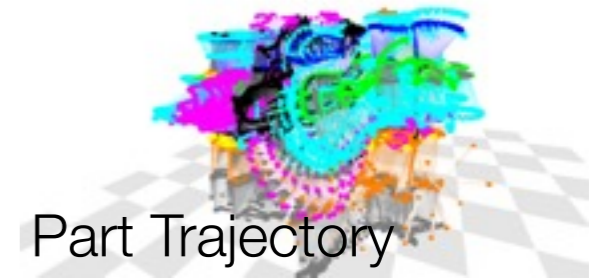
Algorithm flow



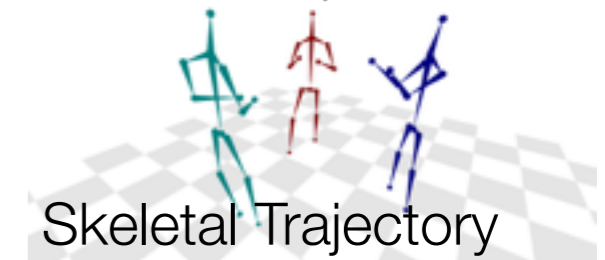
Node



Part



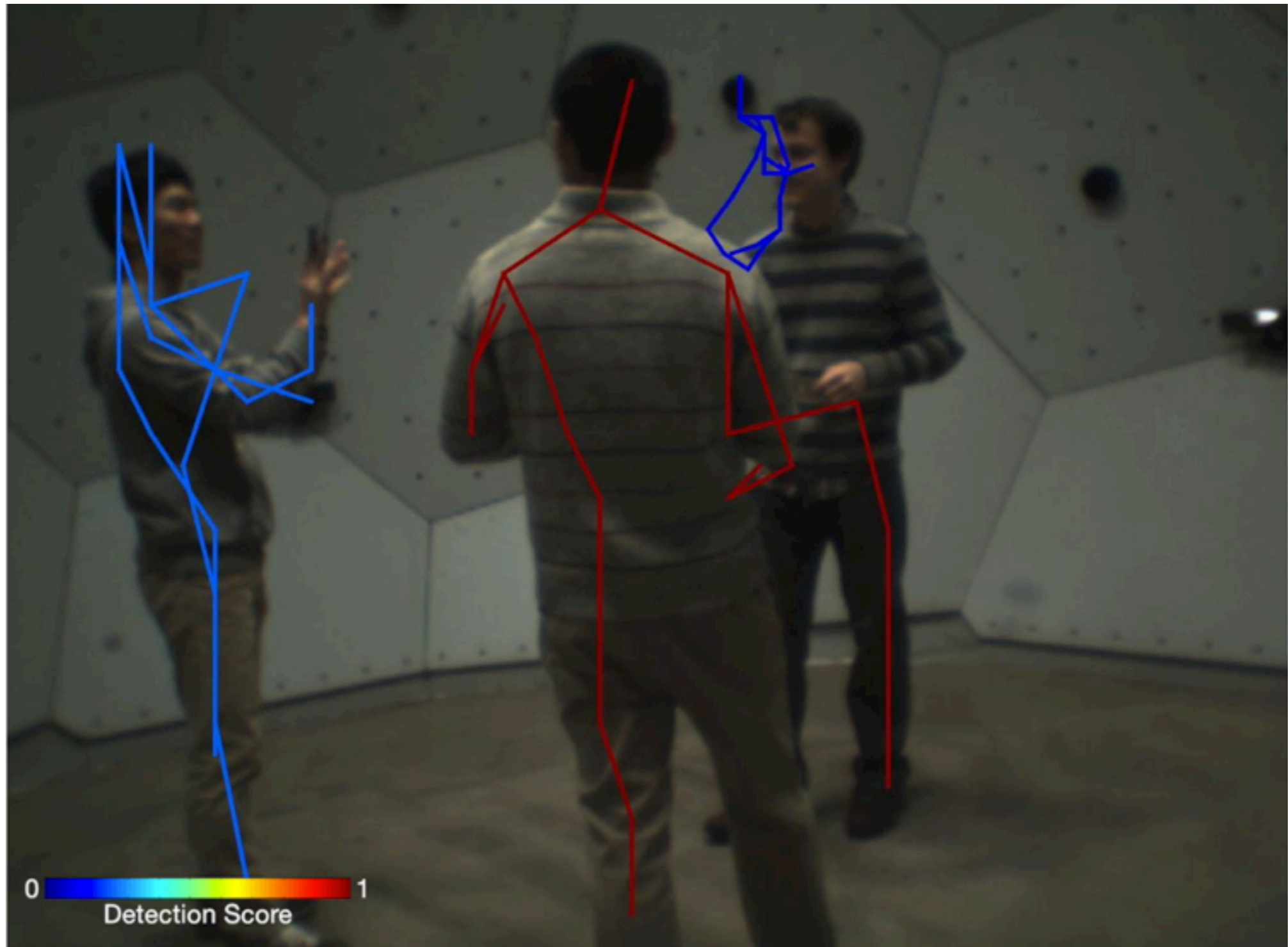
Part Trajectory



Skeletal Trajectory

Human Pose Detection

An Example View



Generating 3D Node Score Maps

3D Voting from 2D Score Maps



●
Camera 1



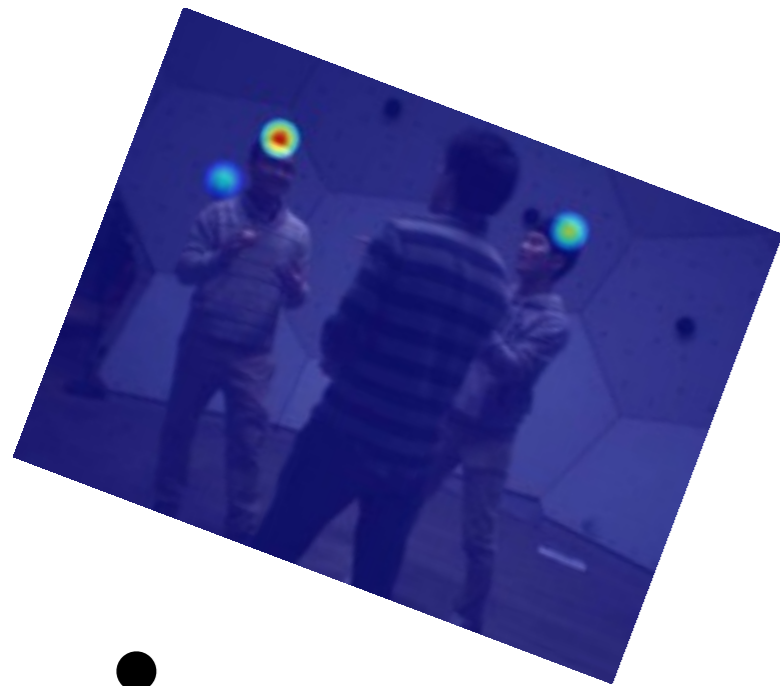
●
Camera 2



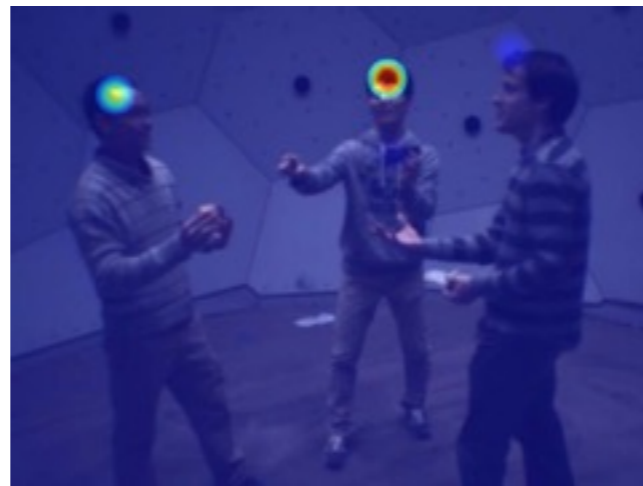
●
Camera 3

Generating 3D Node Score Maps

3D Voting from 2D Score Maps



●
Camera 1



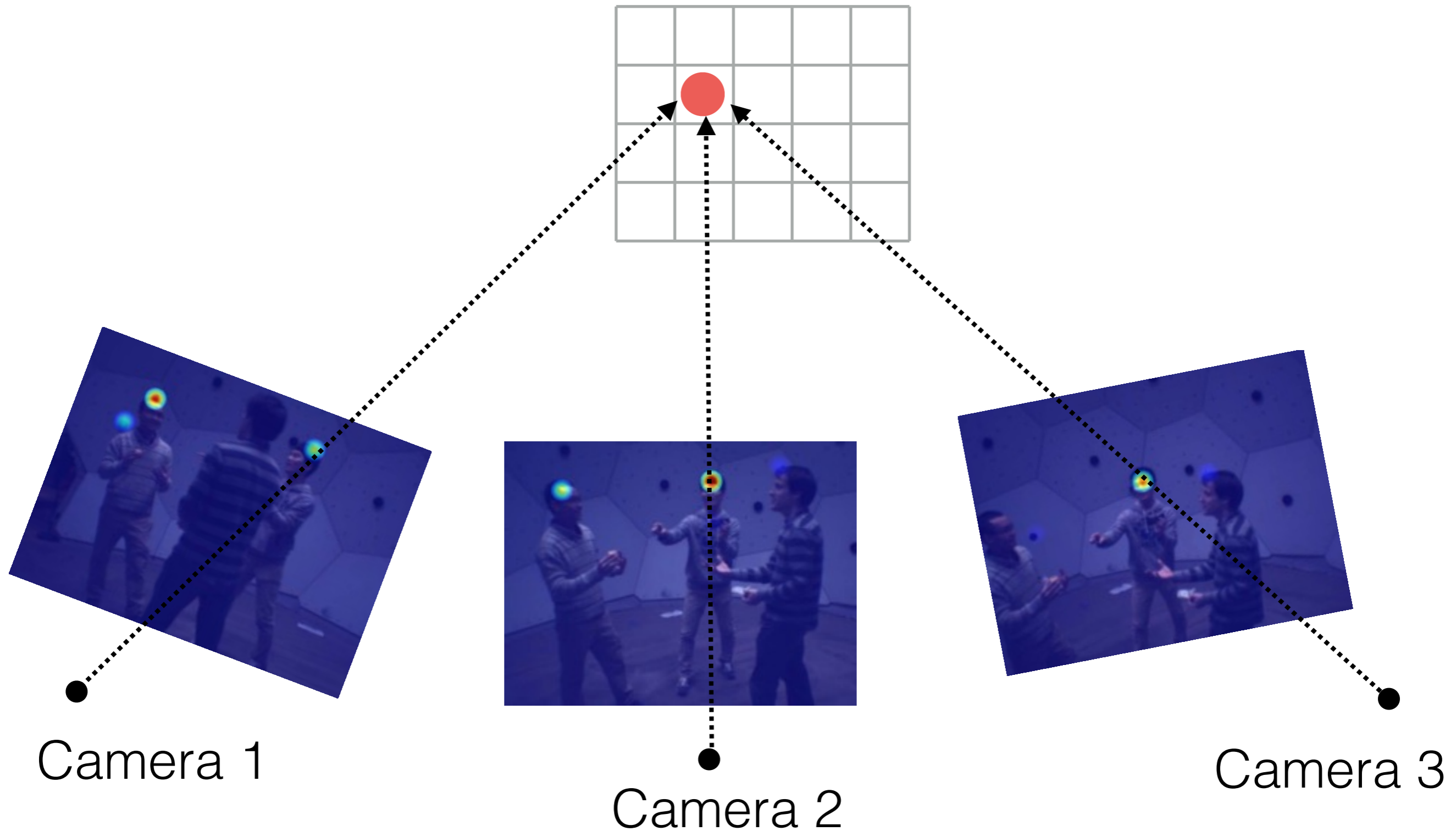
●
Camera 2



●
Camera 3

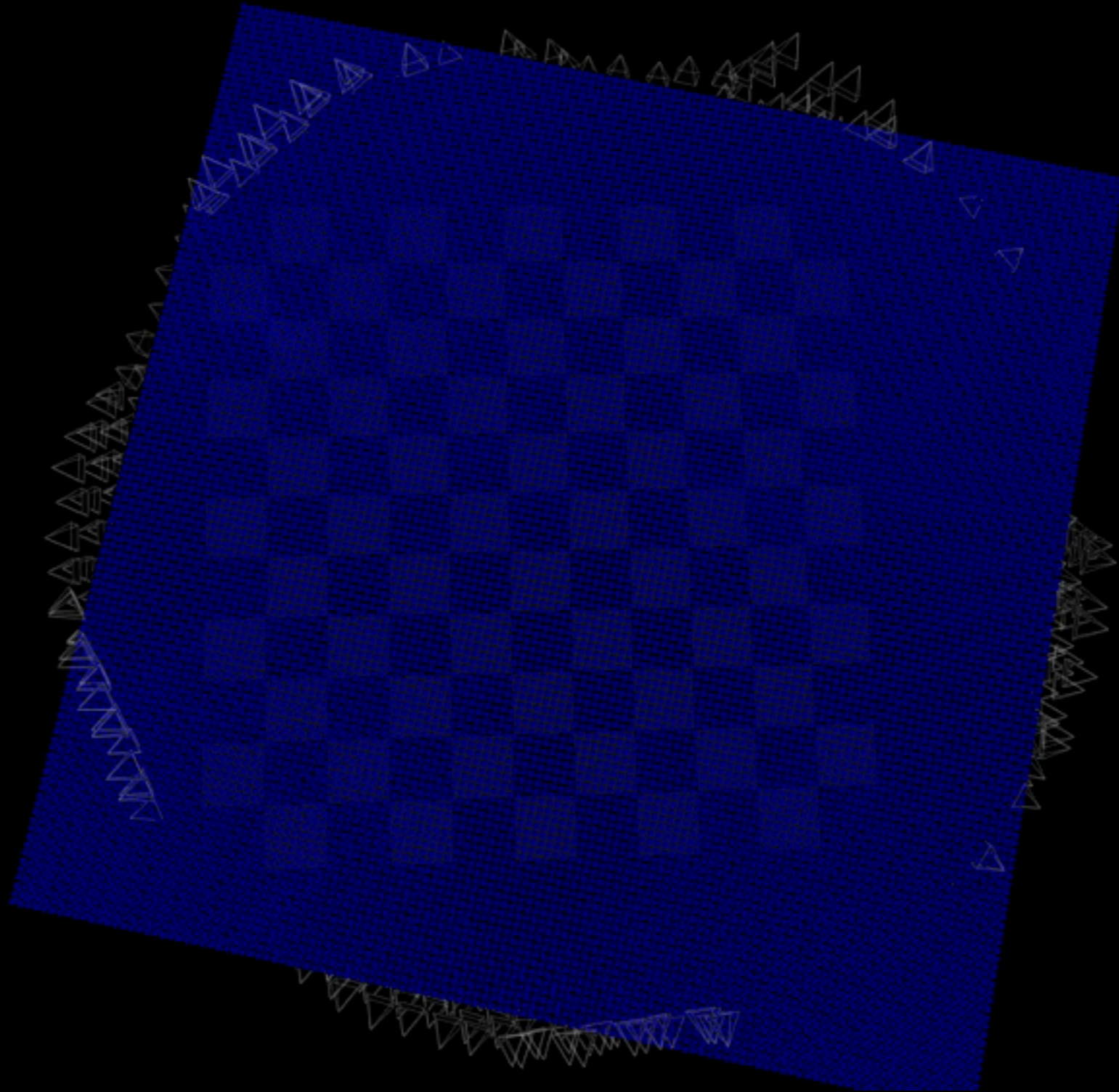
Generating 3D Node Score Maps

3D Voting from 2D Score Maps



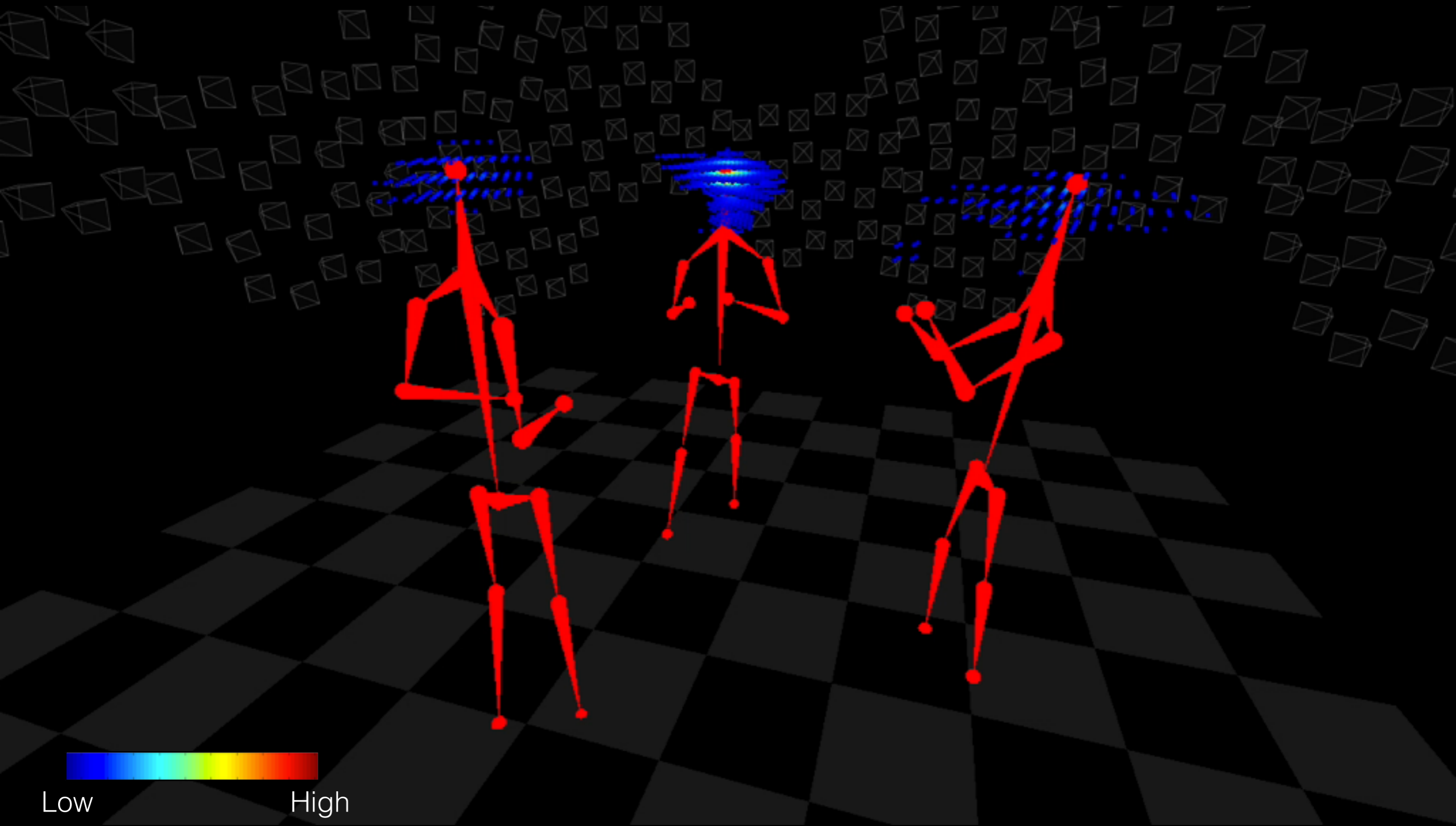
Generating 3D Node Score Maps

Example of Head-top Node



Generating 3D Node Score Maps

Example of Head-top Node

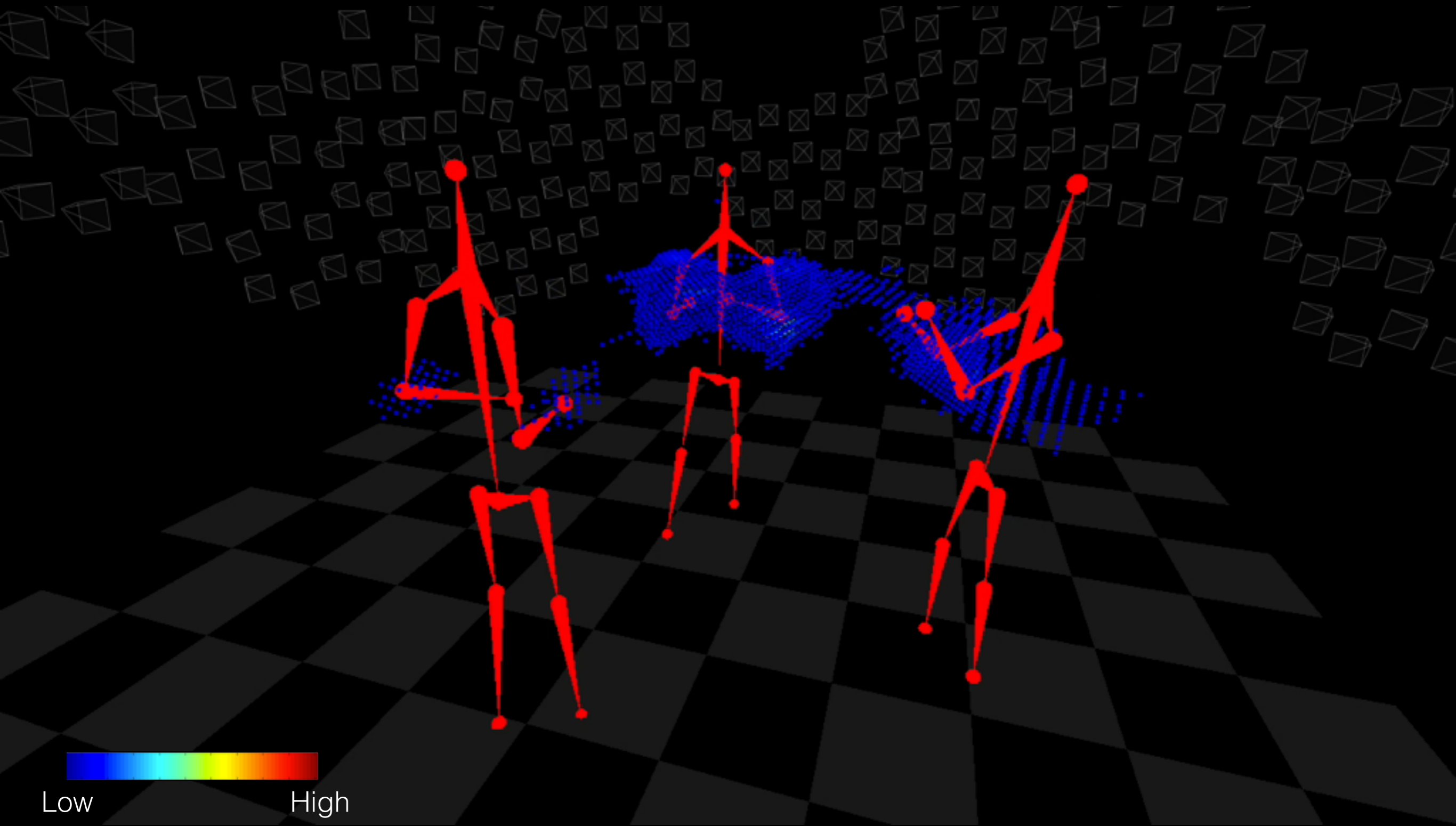


Low

High

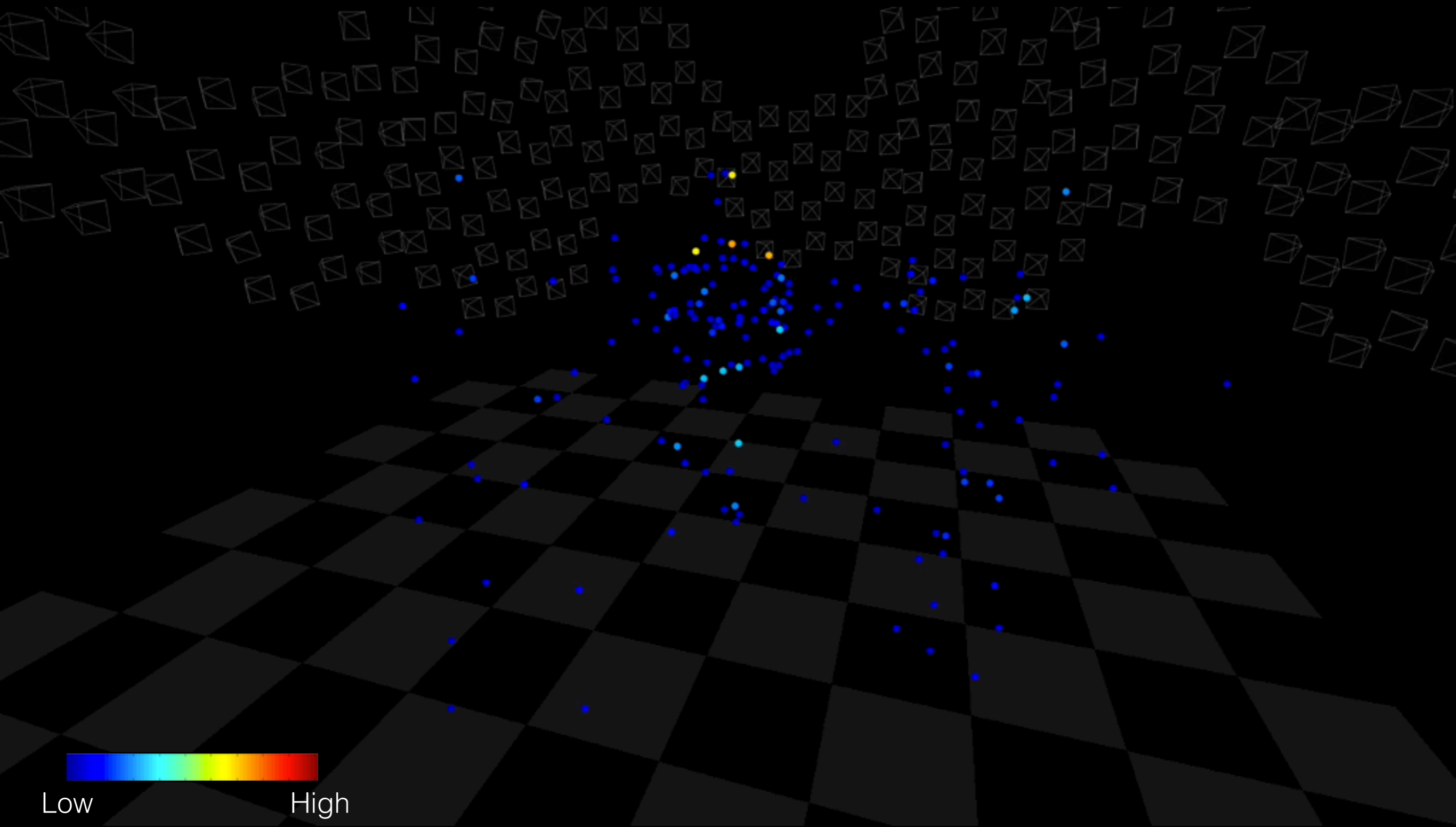
Generating 3D Node Score Maps

Example of Elbow Node



Generating “Node” Proposals

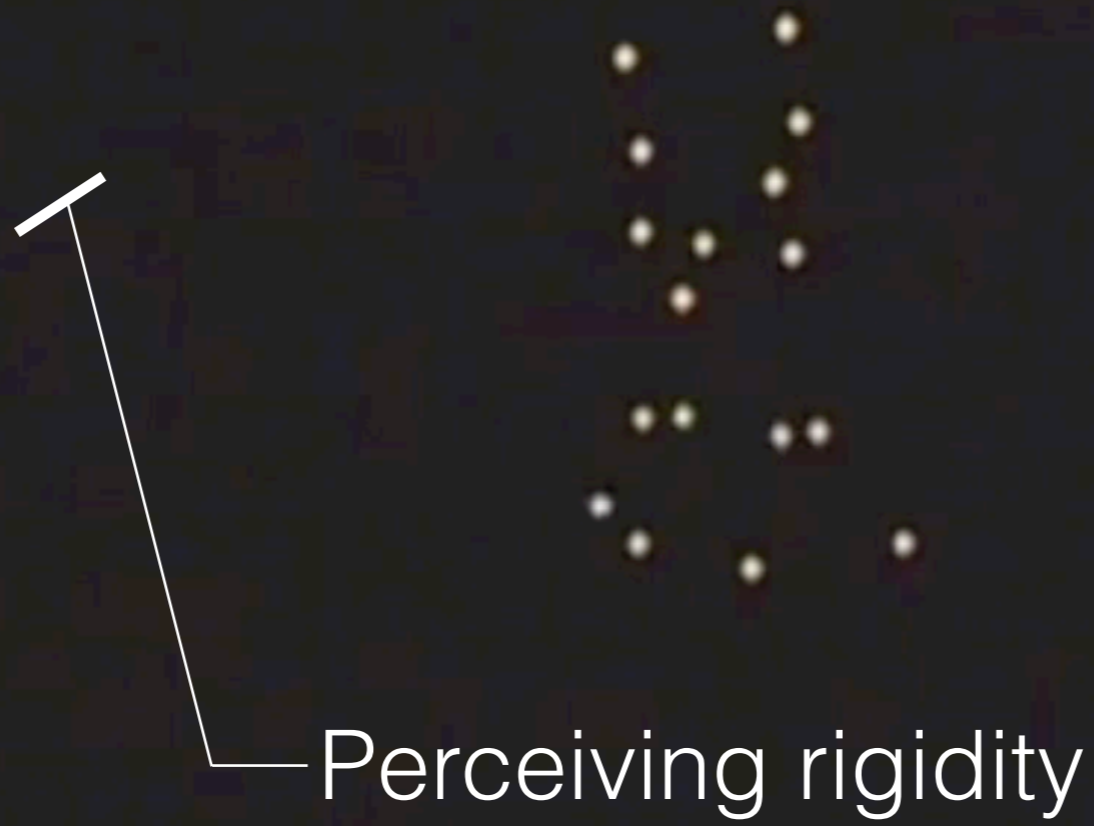
After Non-Maximum Suppression and Thresholding





2-DIMENSIONAL MOTION PERCEPTION

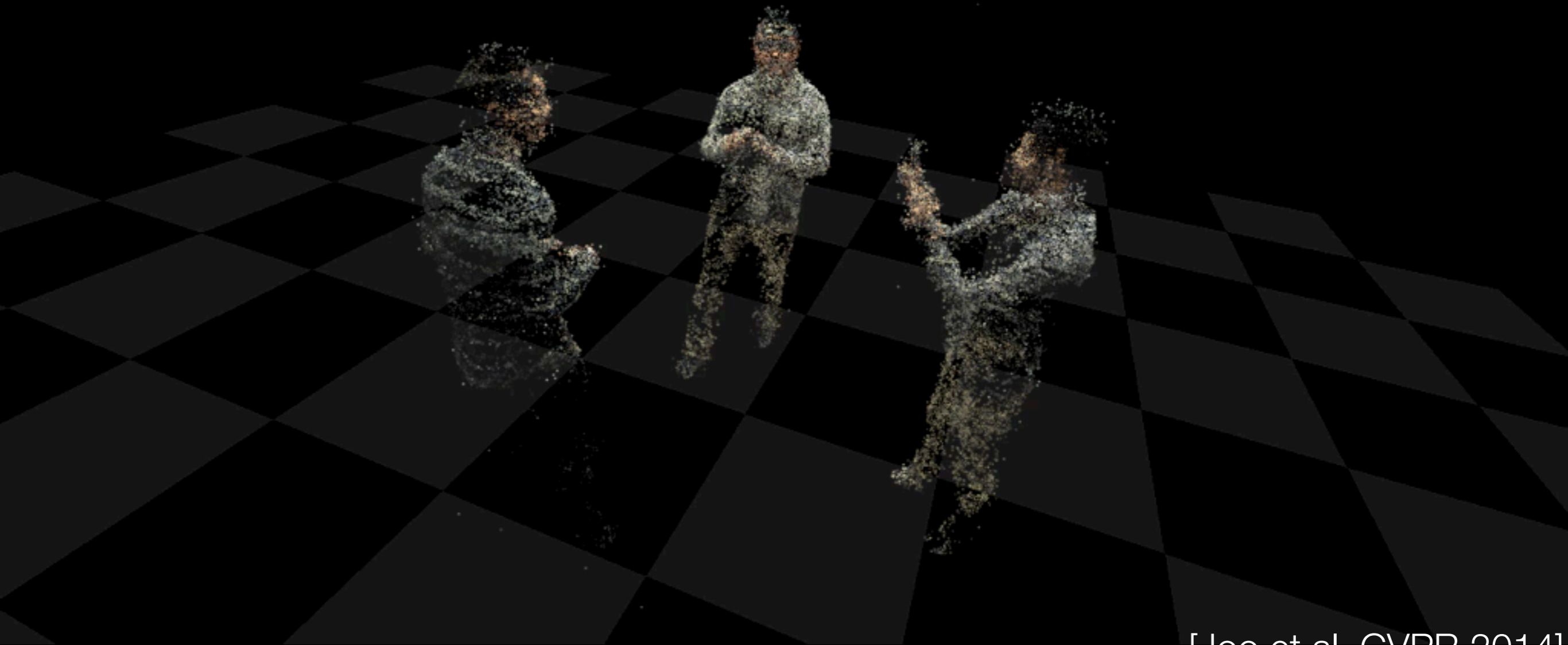
G. Johansson (1973). "Visual perception of biological motion and a model for its analysis"



Perceiving rigidity

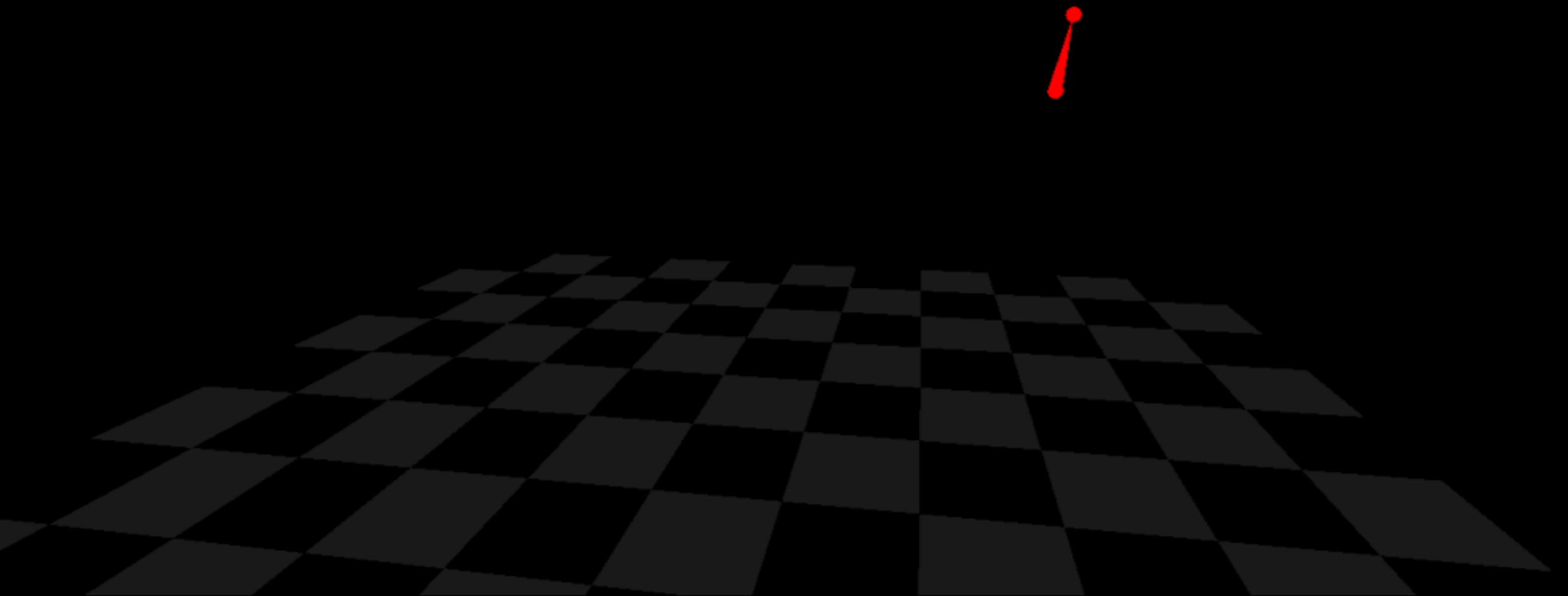
Dense 3D Trajectory Stream

Leverage 2D Flows from Large Number of Views



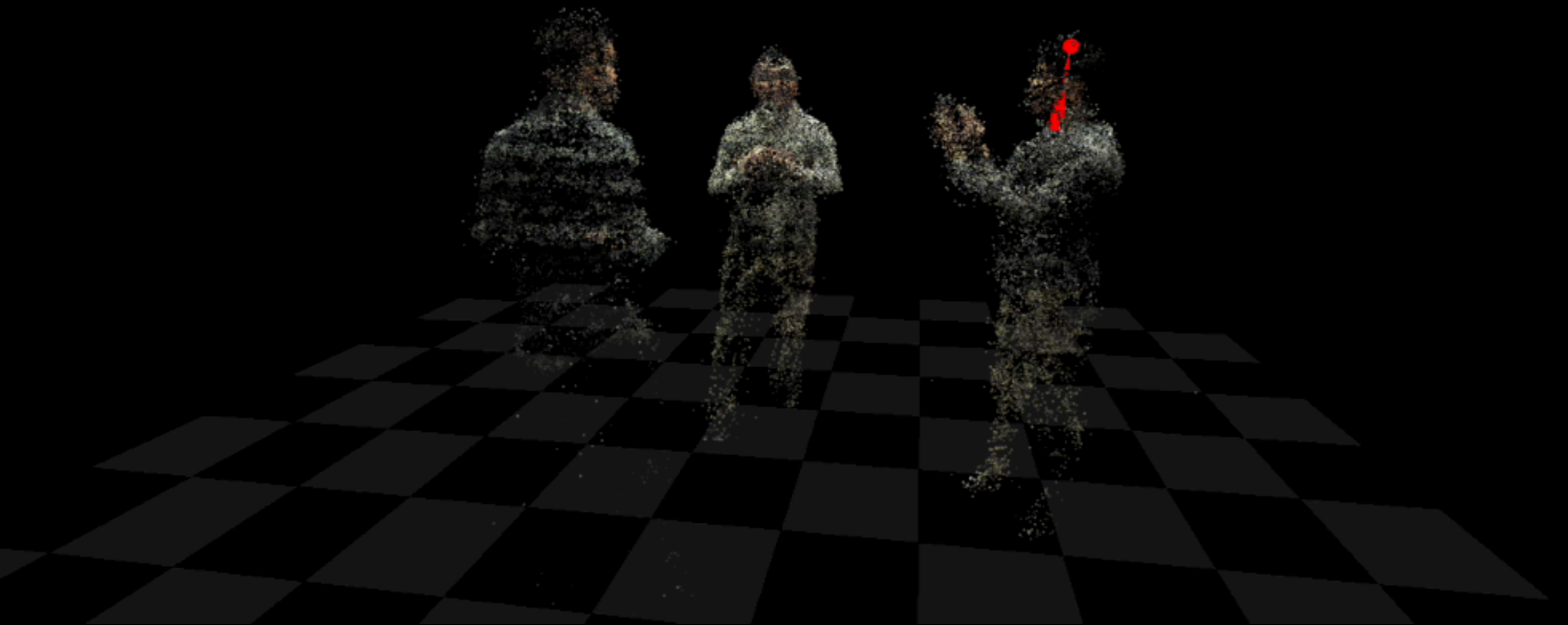
Generating “Part Trajectory” Proposals

Associating Part with 3D Dense Trajectories



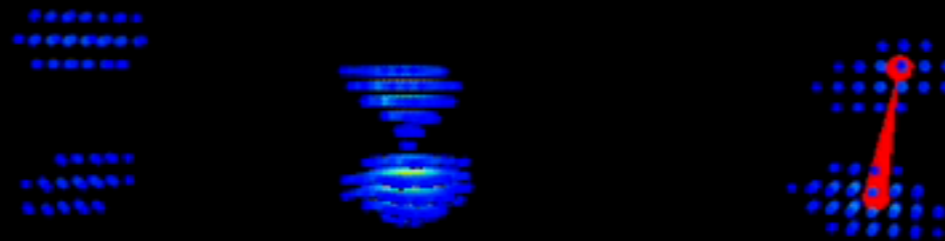
Generating “Part Trajectory” Proposals

Associating Part with 3D Dense Trajectories



Generating “Part Trajectory” Proposals

Part Trajectory Scoring



Possible to determine rigidly moving body part
without a prior template

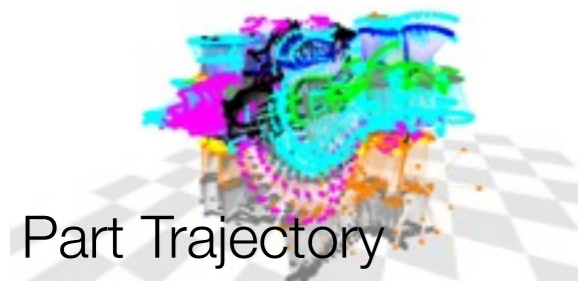
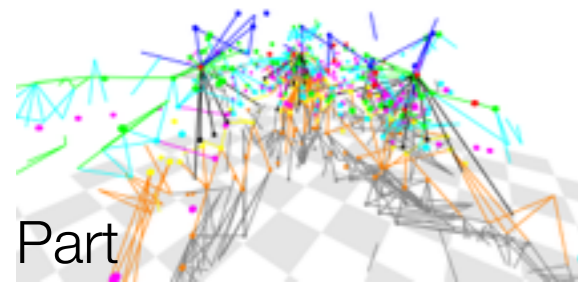
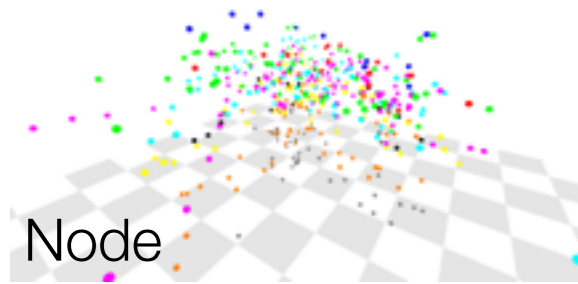
(shape, texture, bone-length, number of subjects)



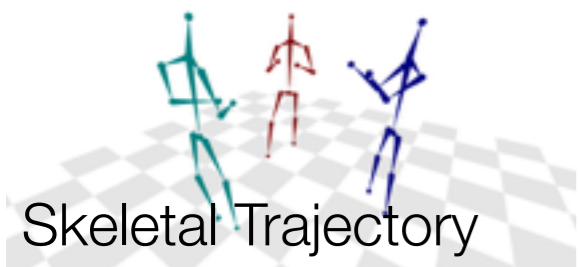
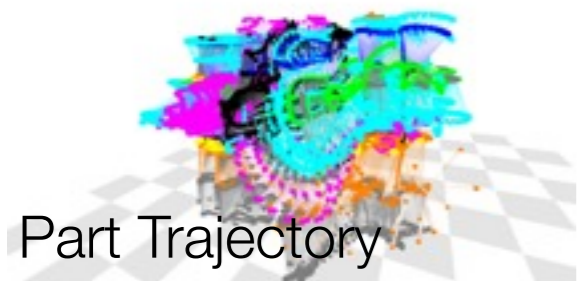
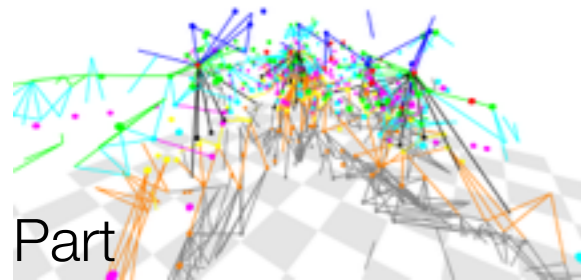
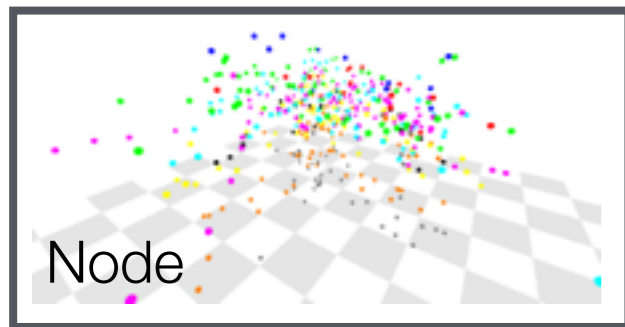
Low

High

Algorithm Flow

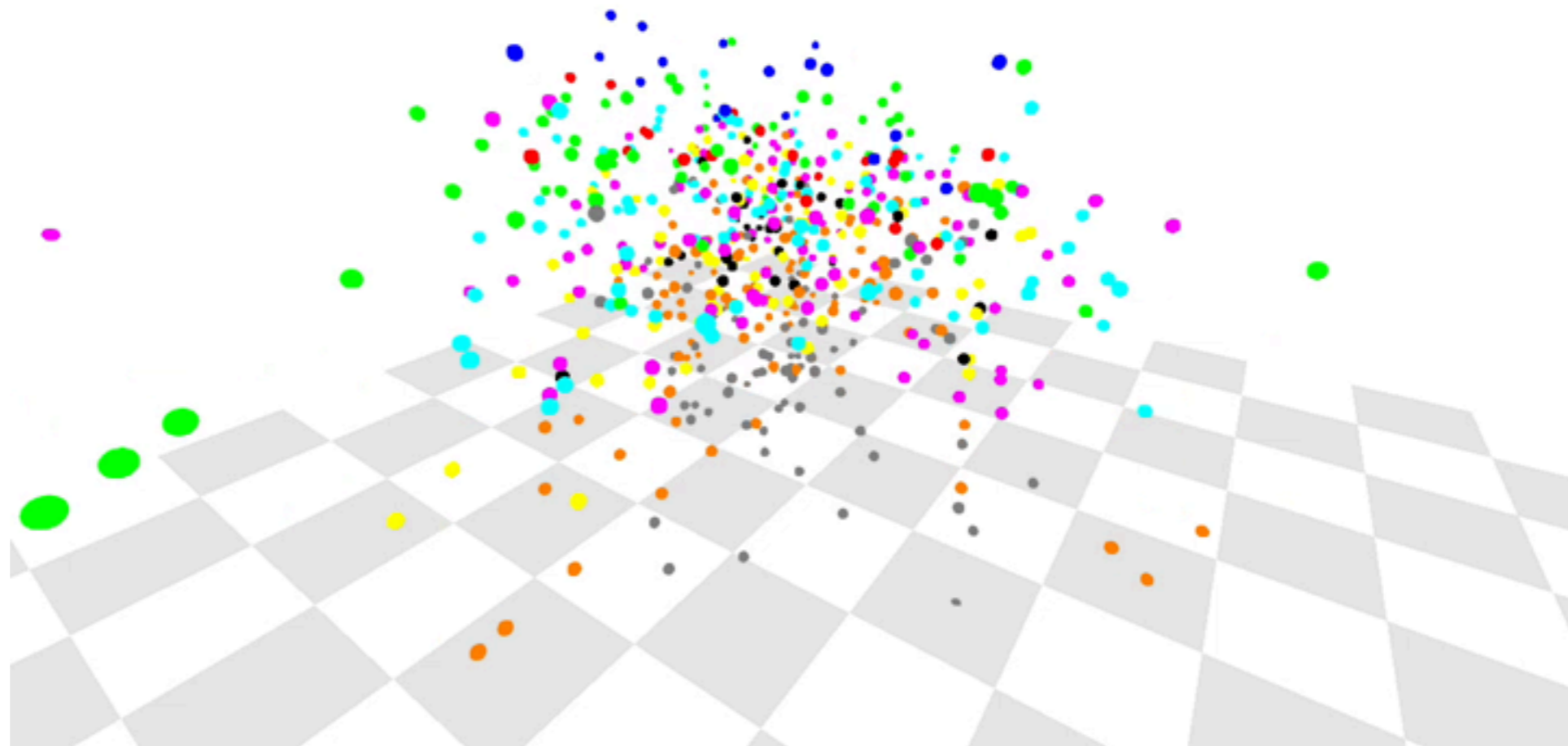


Algorithm Flow

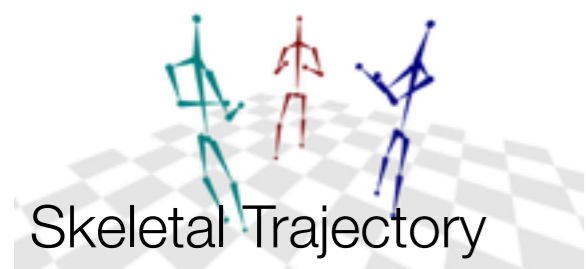
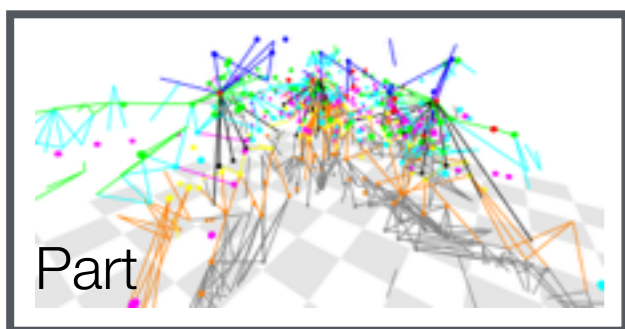
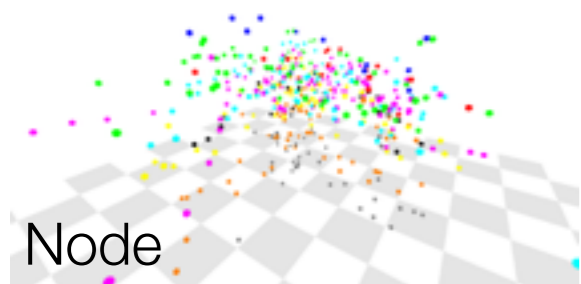


“Node” Proposals

- Neck
- Head
- Torso
- Shoulder
- Upper arm
- Lower arm
- Hip
- Upper leg
- Lower leg

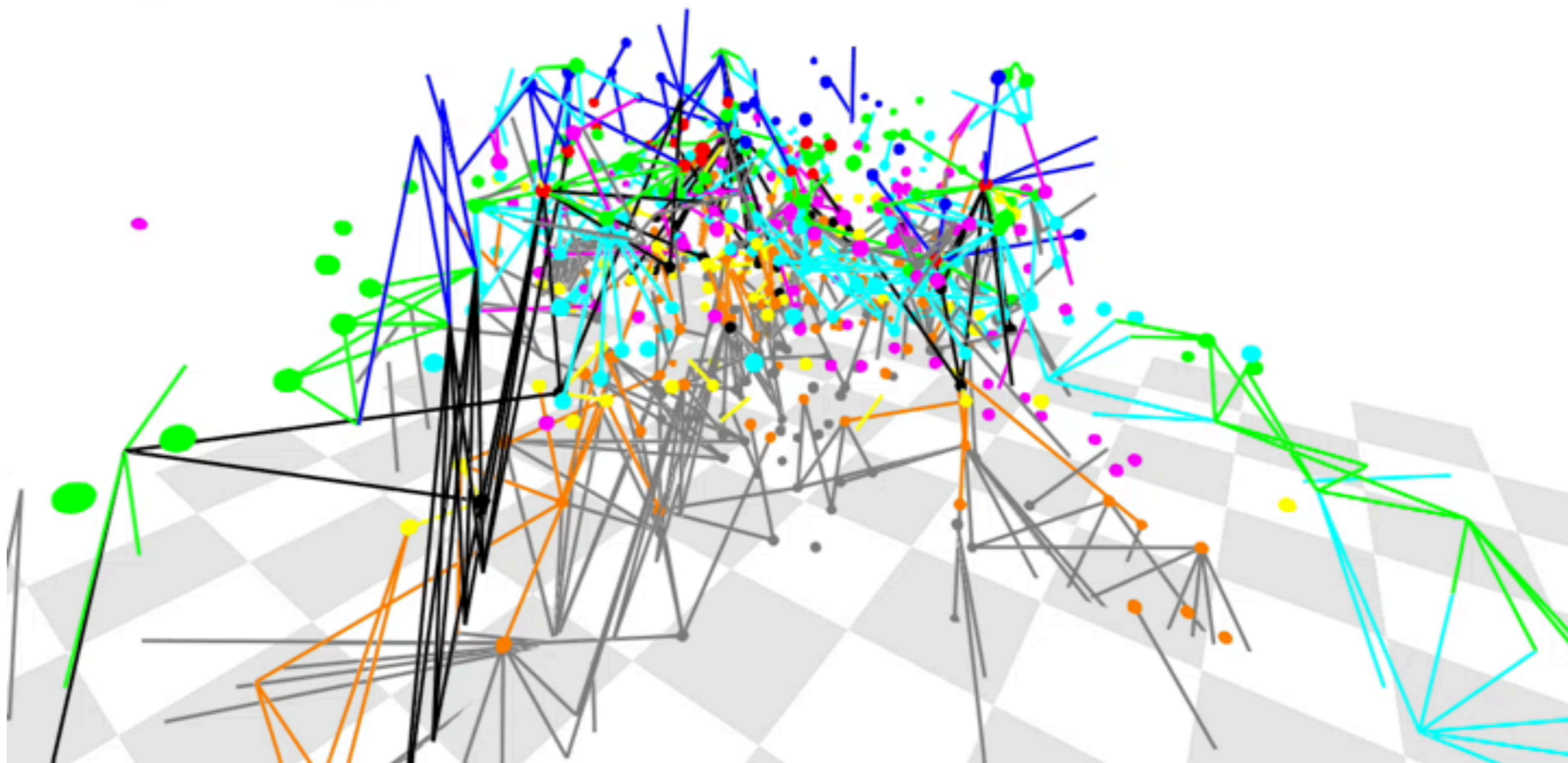


Algorithm Flow

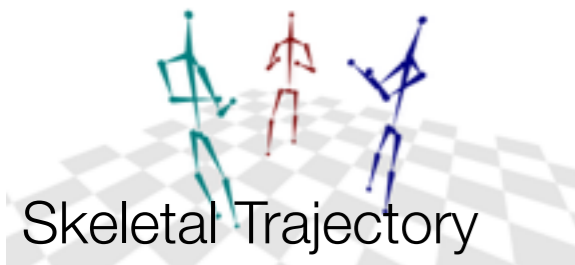
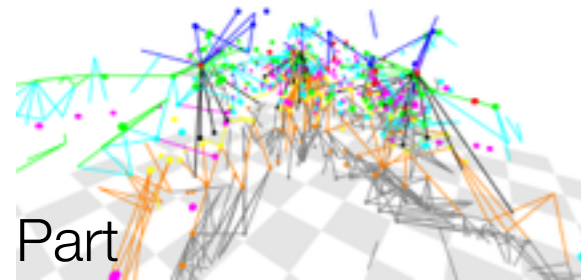
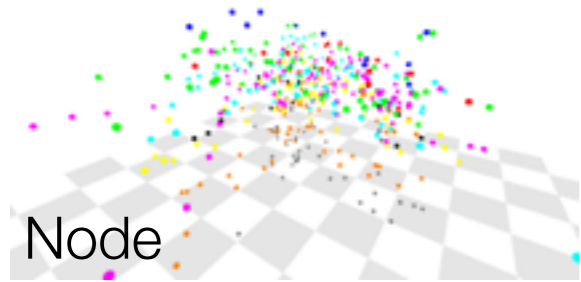


“Part” Proposals

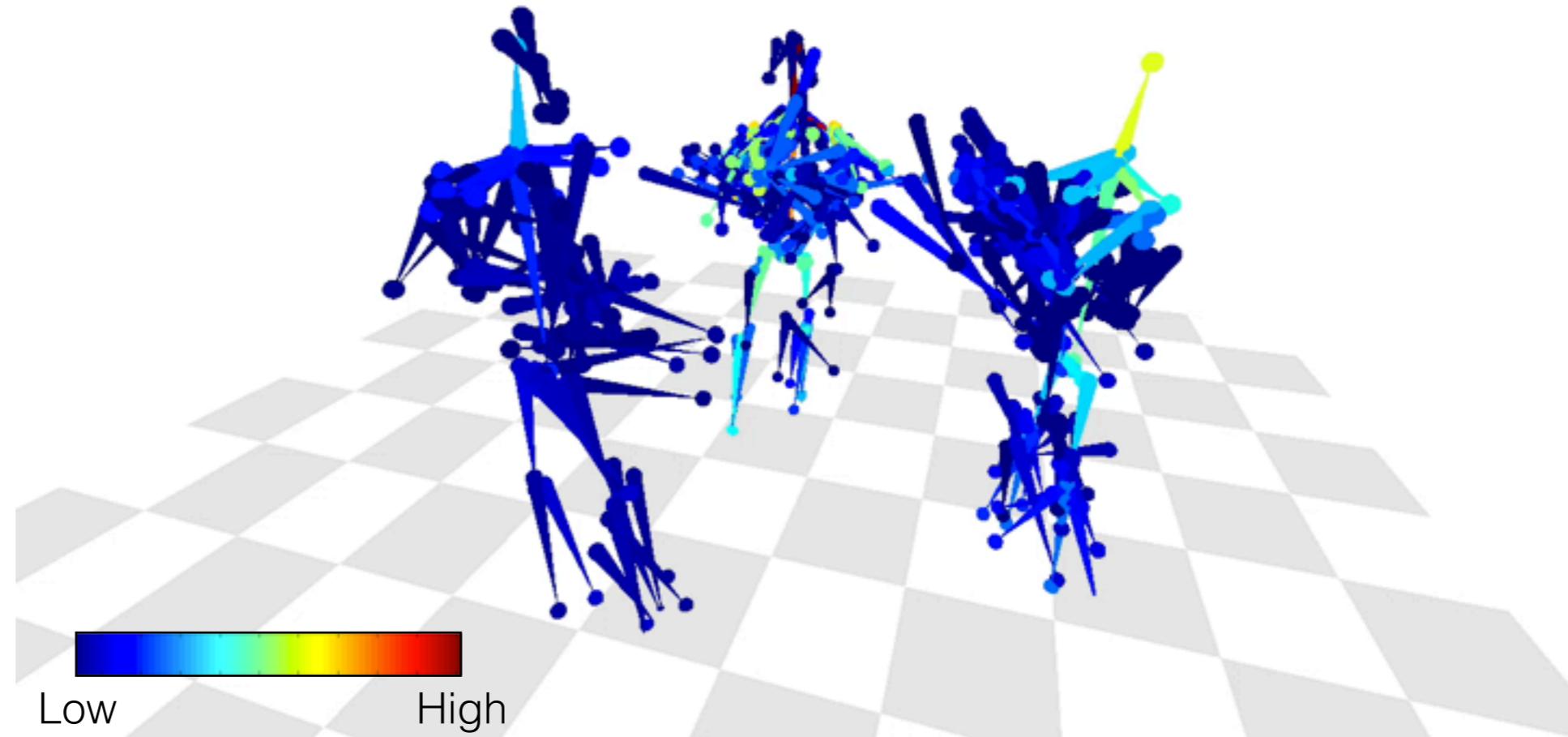
- Neck
- Head
- Torso
- Shoulder
- Upper arm
- Lower arm
- Hip
- Upper leg
- Lower leg



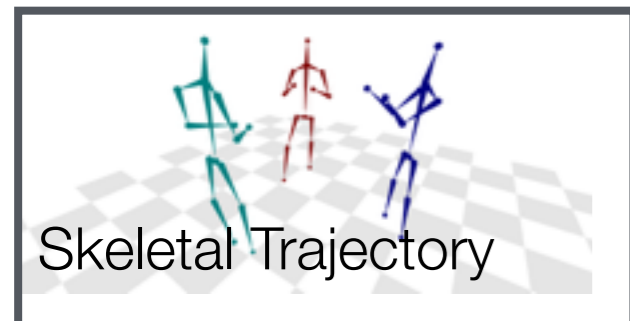
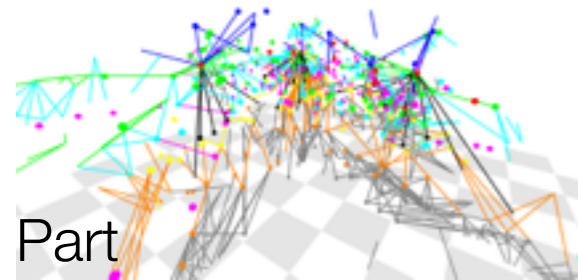
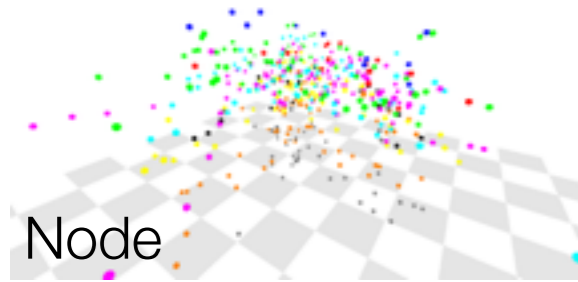
Algorithm Flow



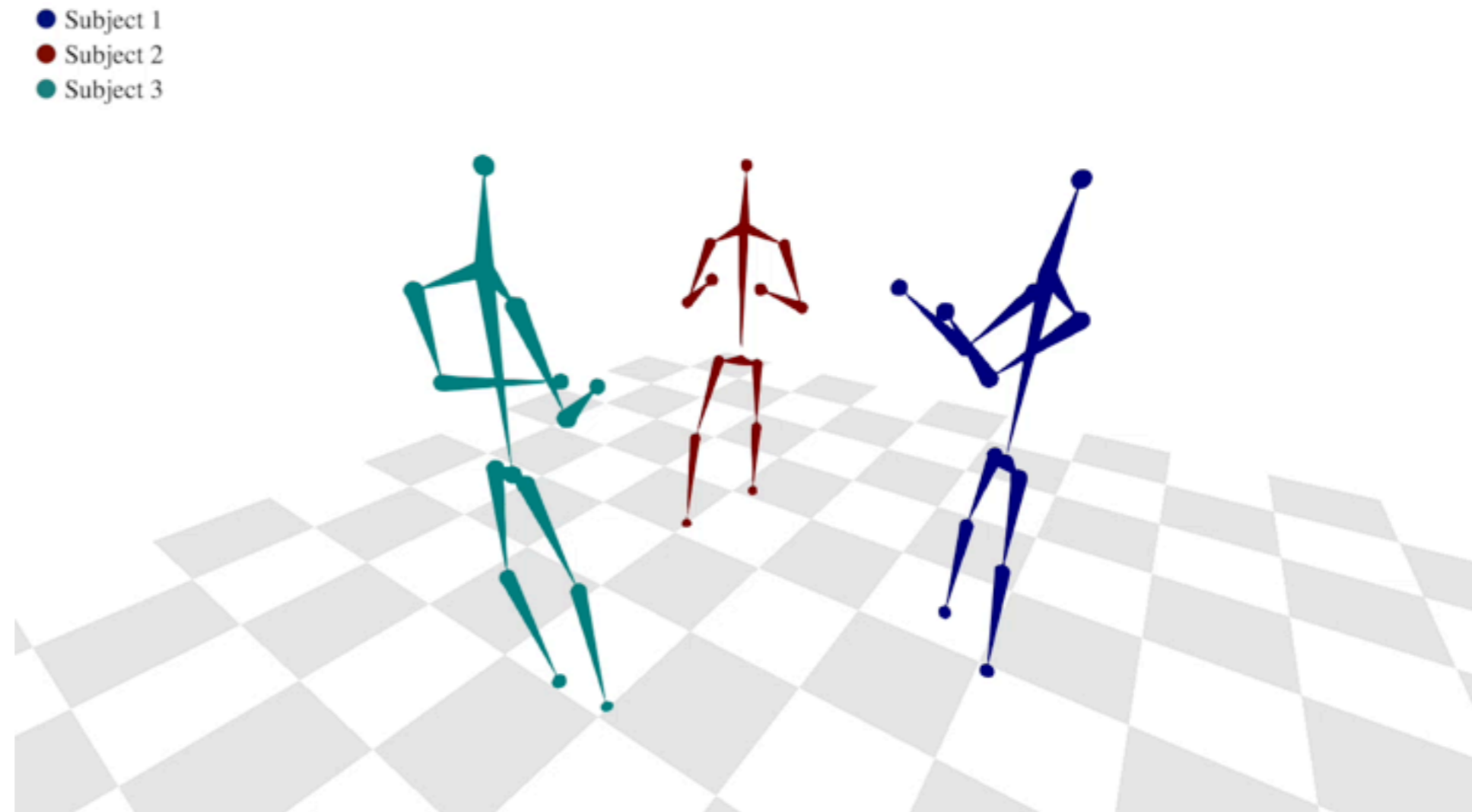
“Part Trajectory” Proposals



Algorithm Flow



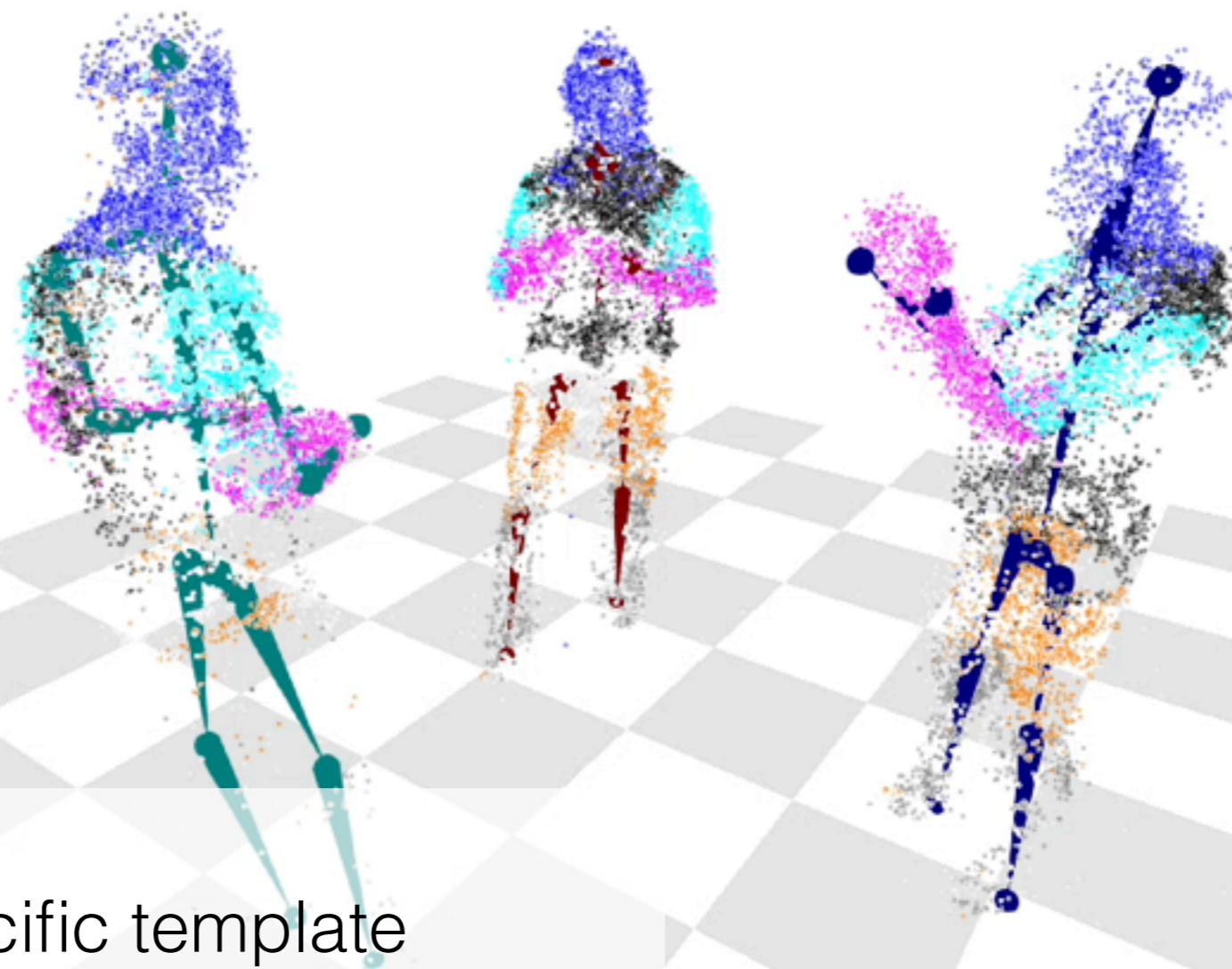
“Skeletal Trajectory” Proposals



“Skeletal Trajectory” Proposals

Labelled Non-Rigid Part Representation

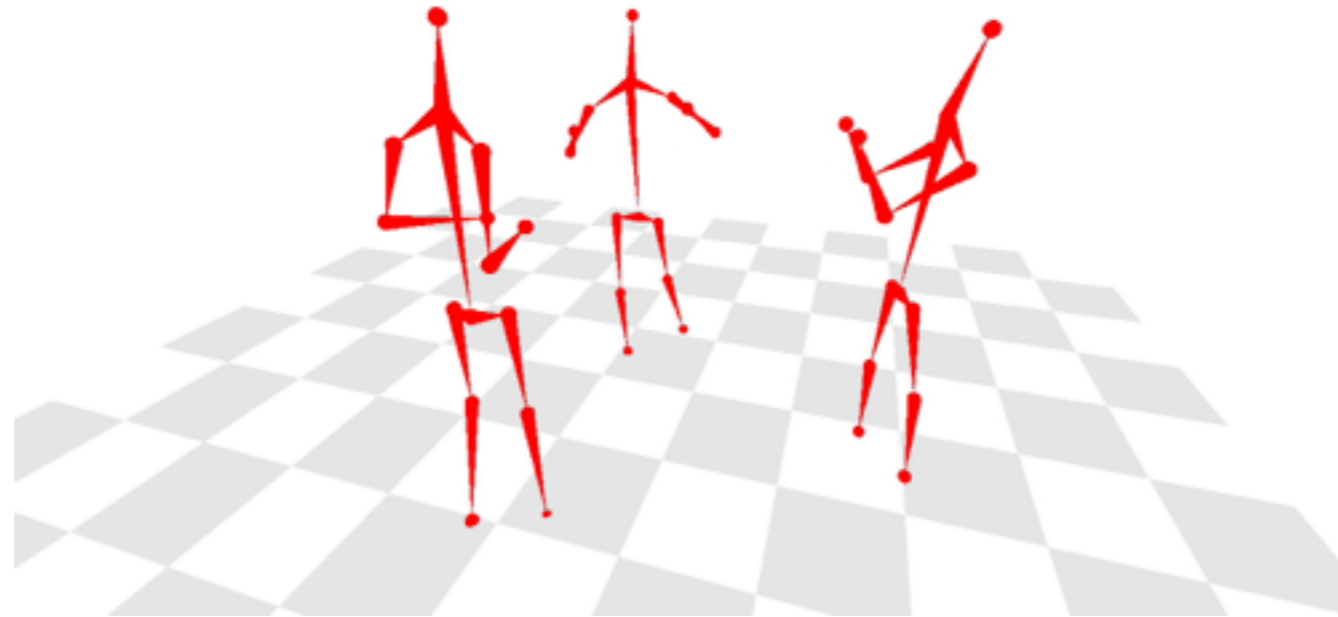
● Neck ● Shoulder ● Hip
● Head ● Upper arm ● Upper leg
● Torso ● Lower arm ● Lower leg



- Fully automatic
- No subject-specific template
- Arbitrary number of people
- Semantically labelled non-rigid part model

Evaluation

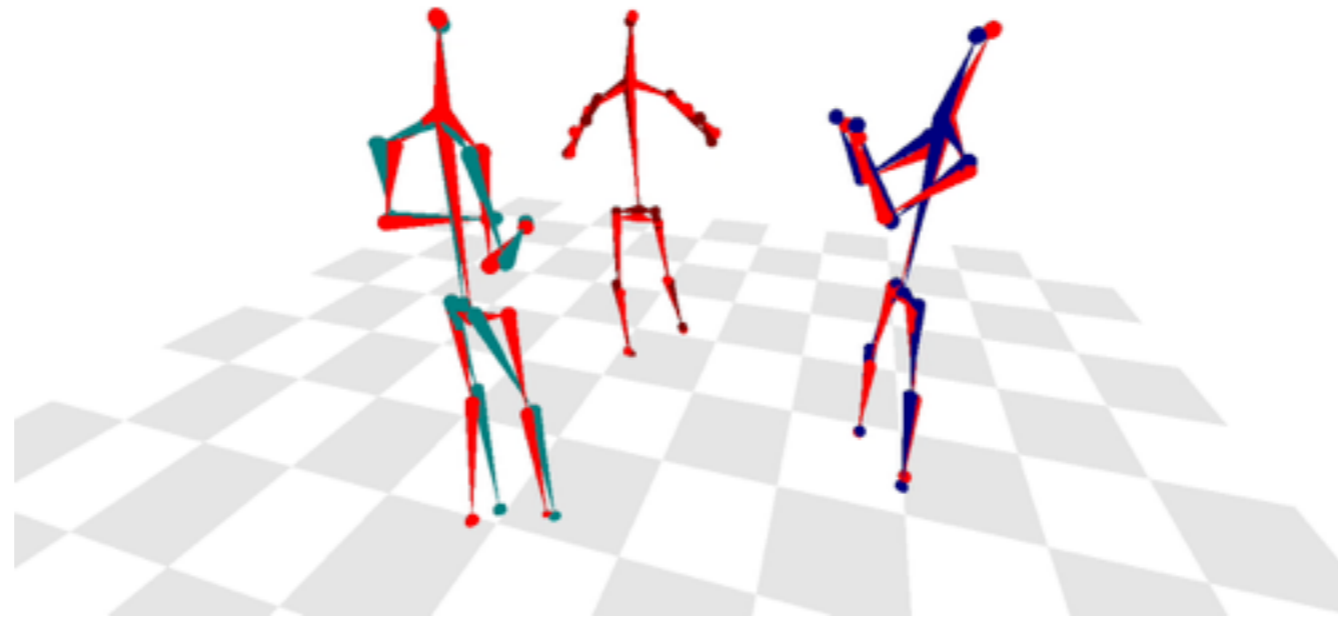
Two Baselines: 3DPS and Multiple Kinects



Ground truth
by manually annotating 2D locations
(every 4th frame)

Evaluation

Two Baselines: 3DPS and Multiple Kinects

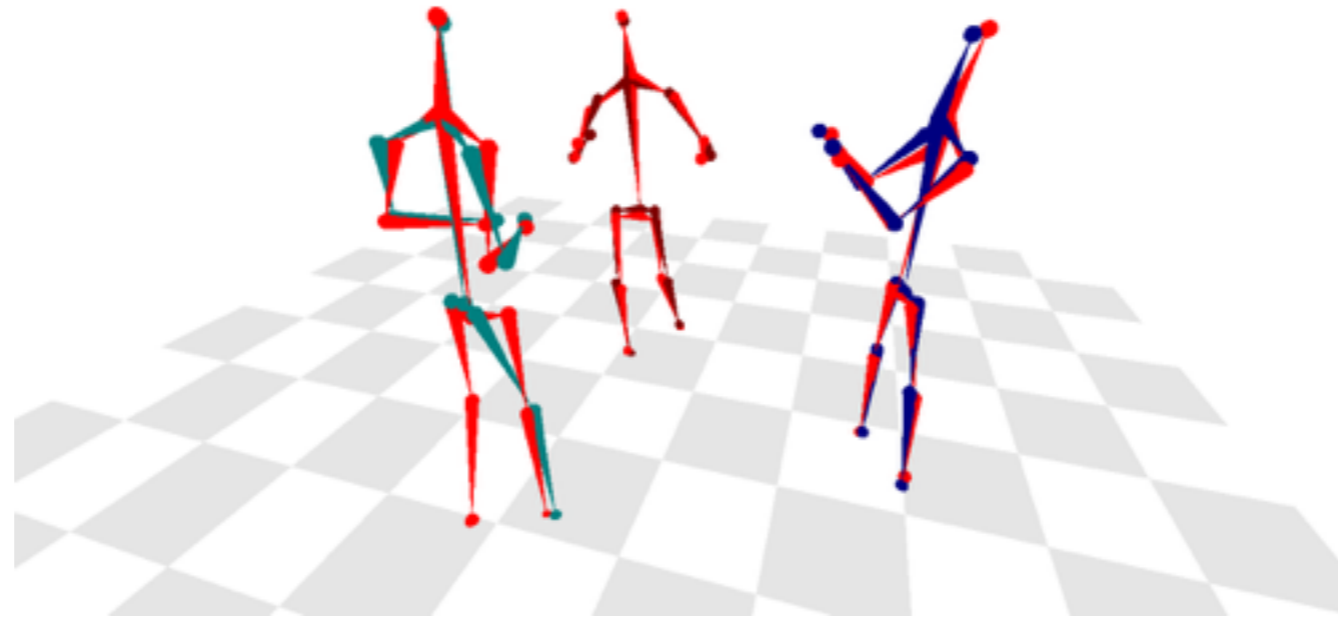


Ours

Average node errors: 4.88 cm

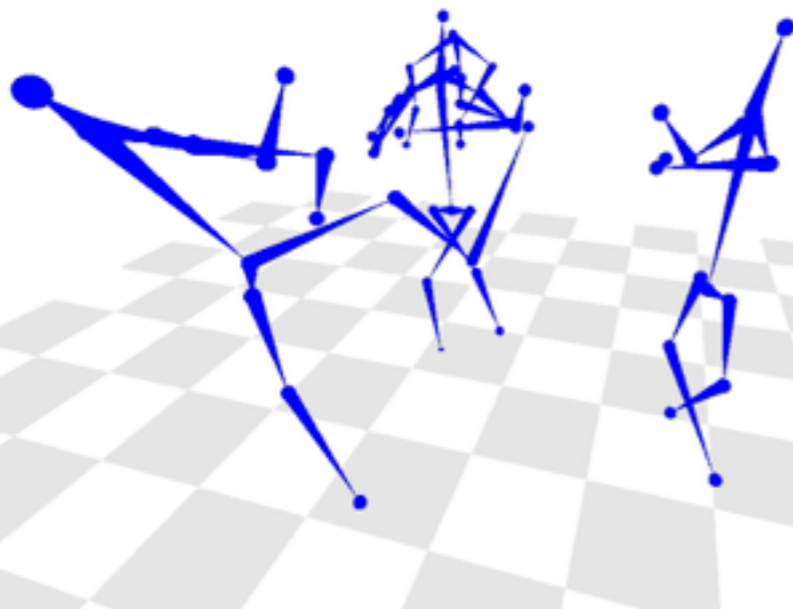
Evaluation

Two Baselines: 3DPS and Multiple Kinects



Ours

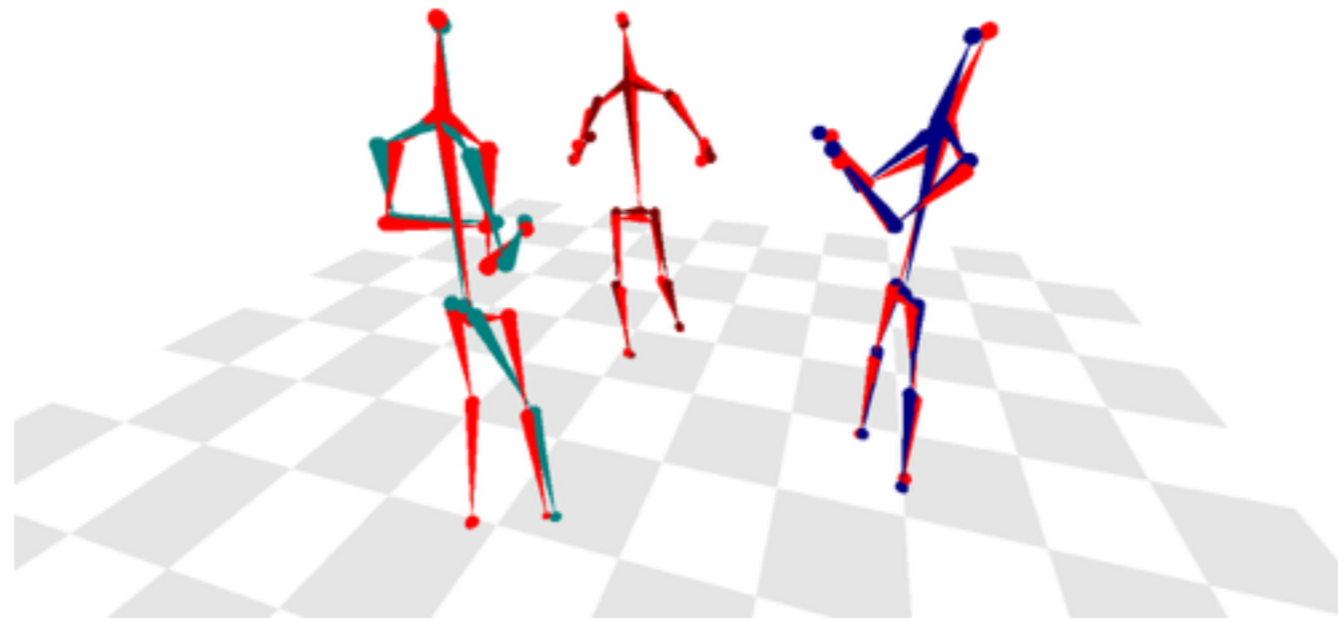
Average node errors: 4.88 cm



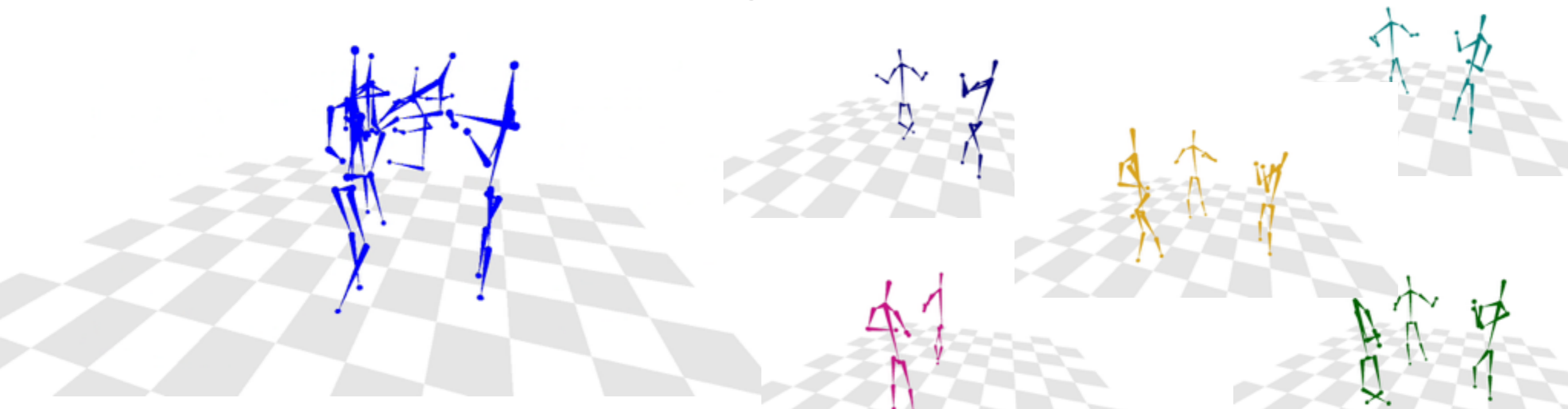
3D Pictorial Structure (All candidates)

Evaluation

Two Baselines: 3DPS and Multiple Kinects



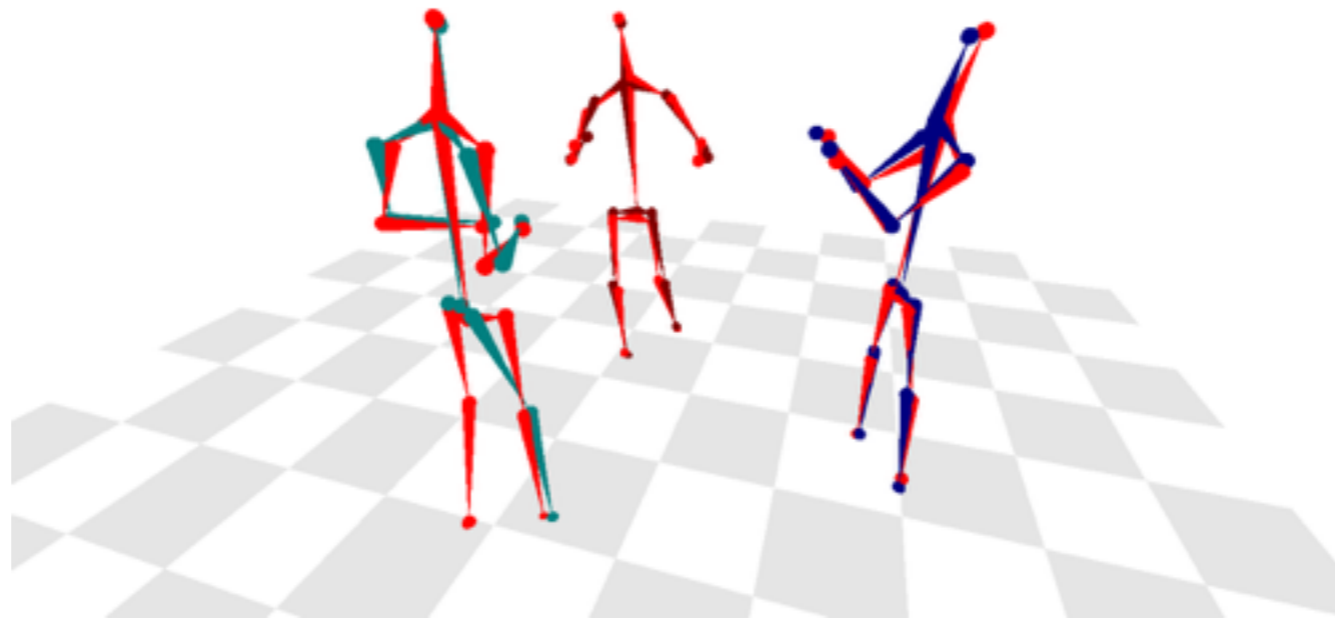
Ours



3D Pictorial Structure (All candidates) 5 Kinects (Individually performed)

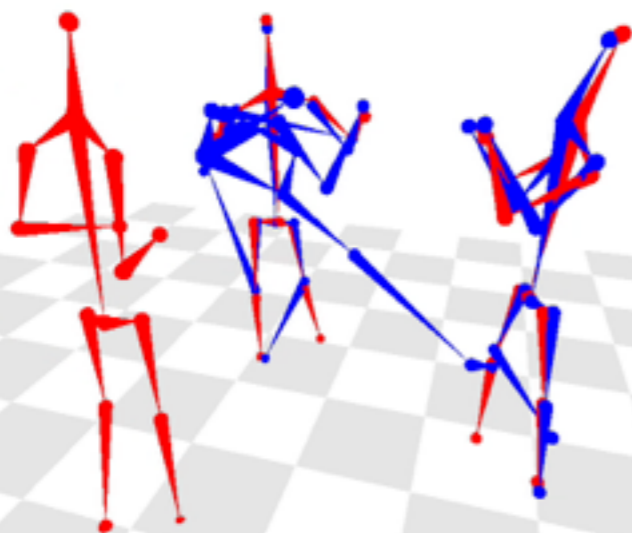
Evaluation

Two Baselines: 3DPS and Multiple Kinects



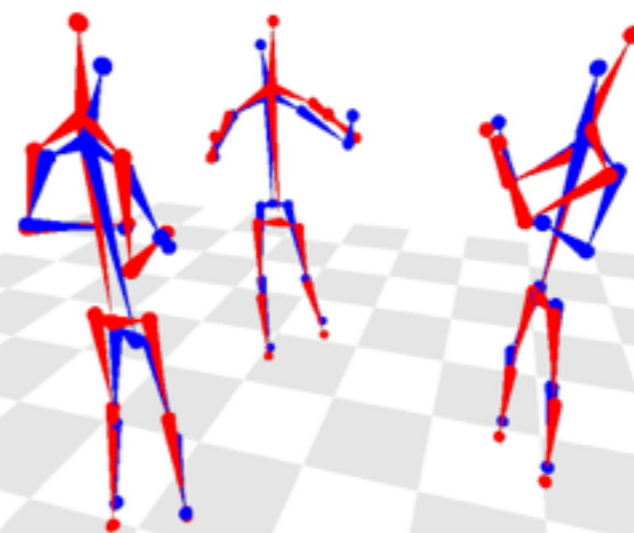
Ours

Average node errors: 4.88 cm



3D Pictorial Structure (Oracle)

Average node errors: 15.35 cm



5 Kinects (Oracle)

Average node errors: 5.55 cm

Social Motion Capture Result

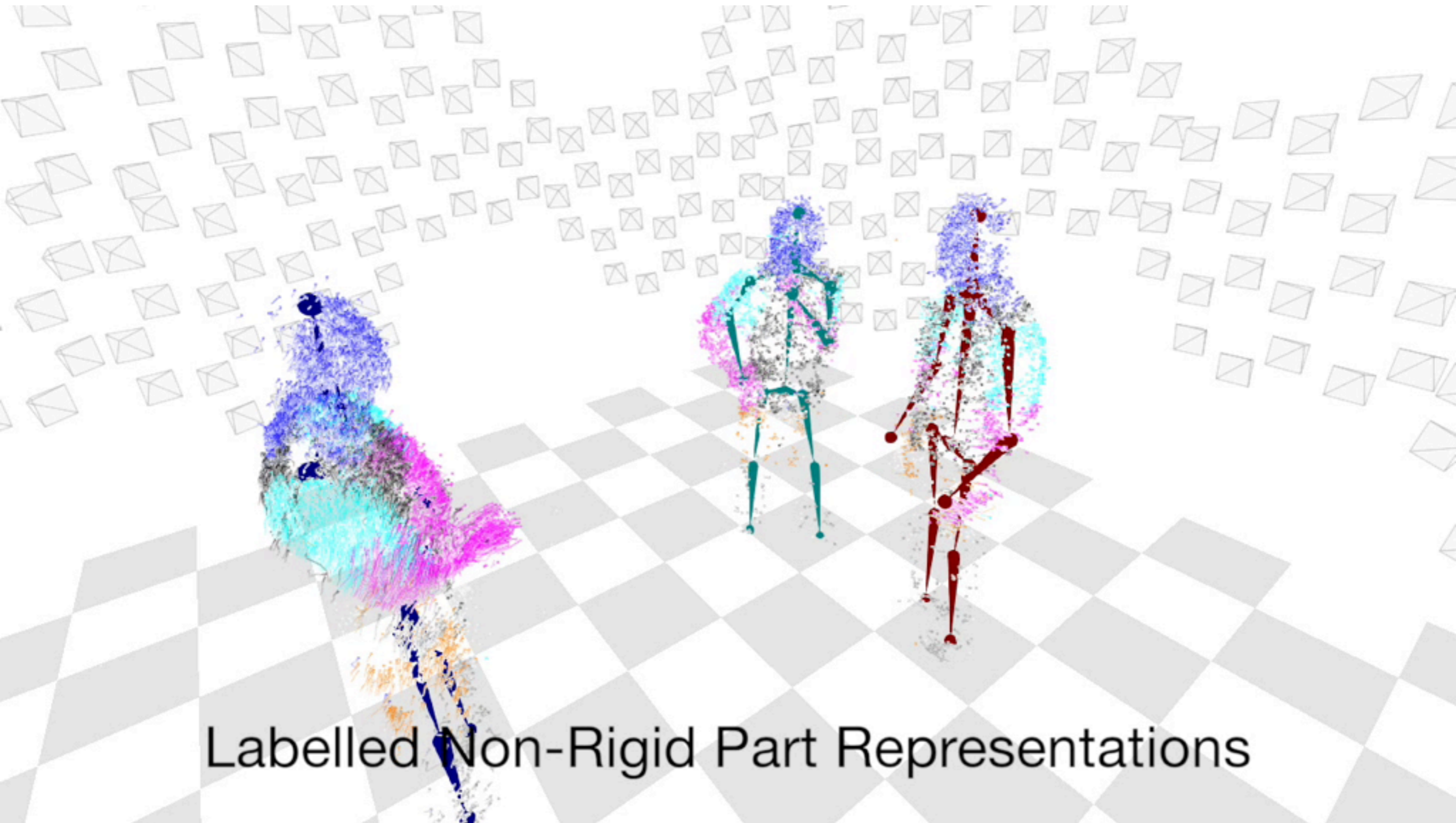
The Ultimatum Sequence



The "Ultimatum" Sequence

Social Motion Capture Result

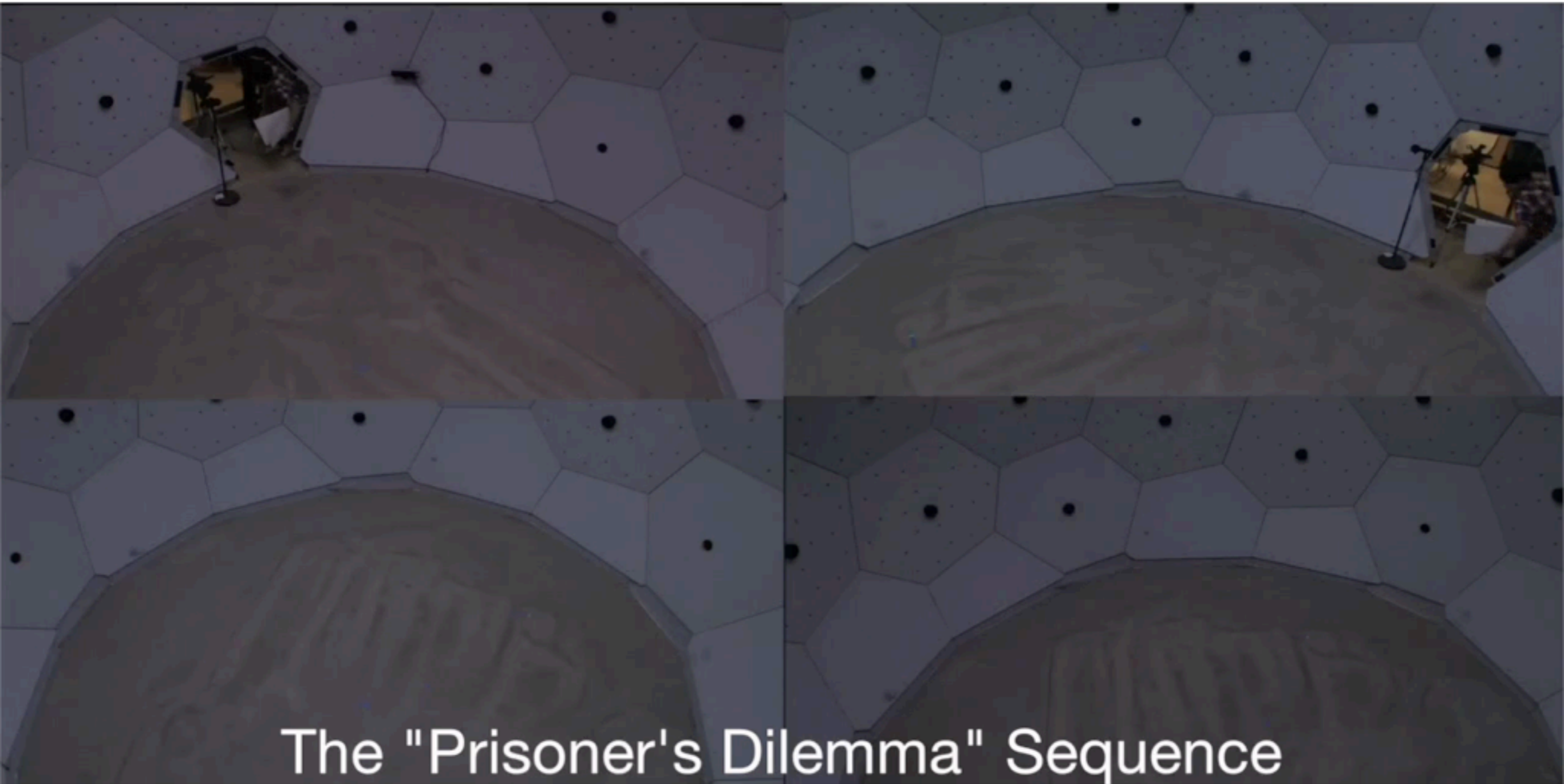
The Ultimatum Sequence



Labelled Non-Rigid Part Representations

Social Motion Capture Result

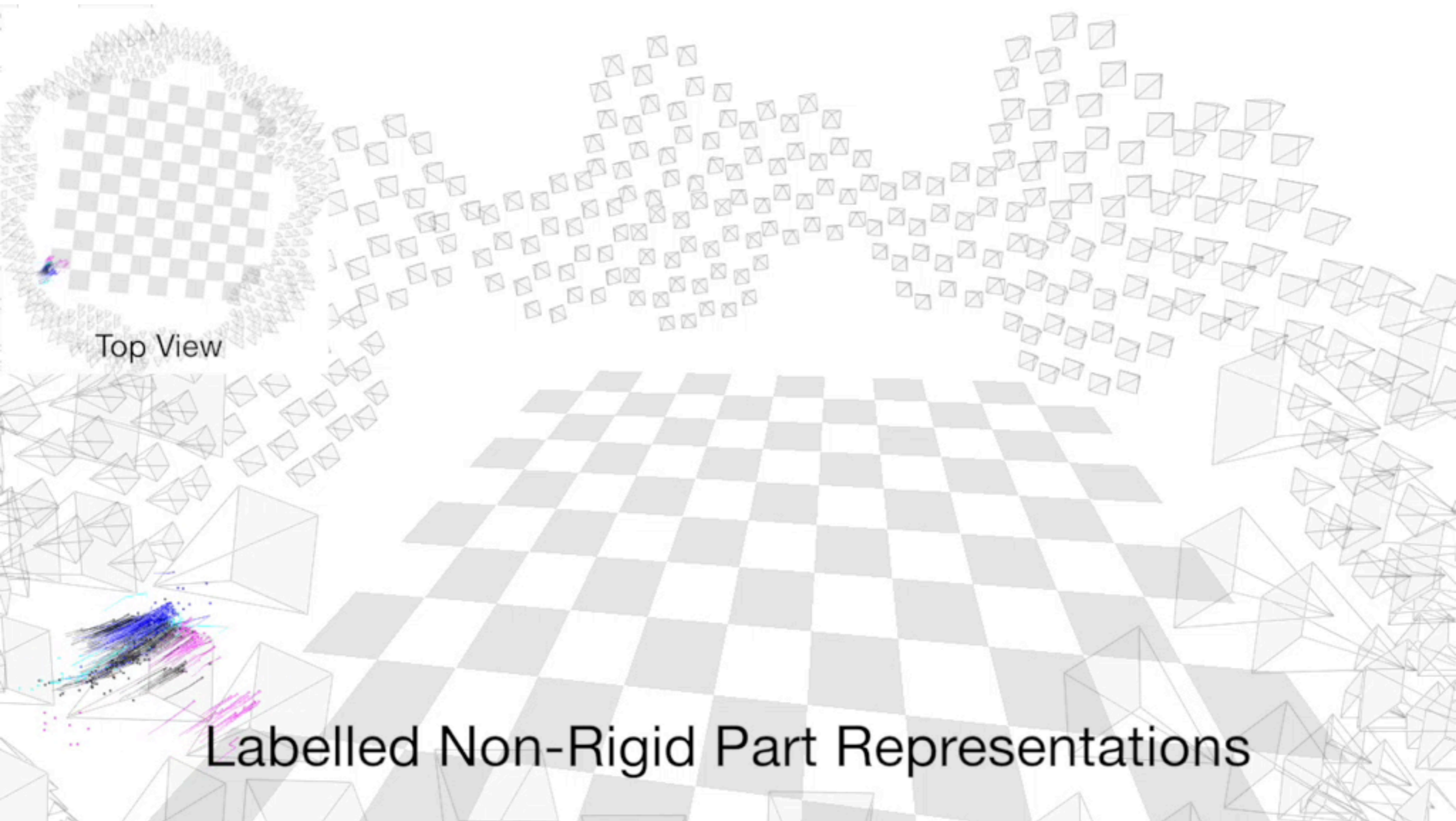
The Prisoner's Dilemma Sequence



The "Prisoner's Dilemma" Sequence

Social Motion Capture Result

The Prisoner's Dilemma Sequence



Social Motion Capture Result

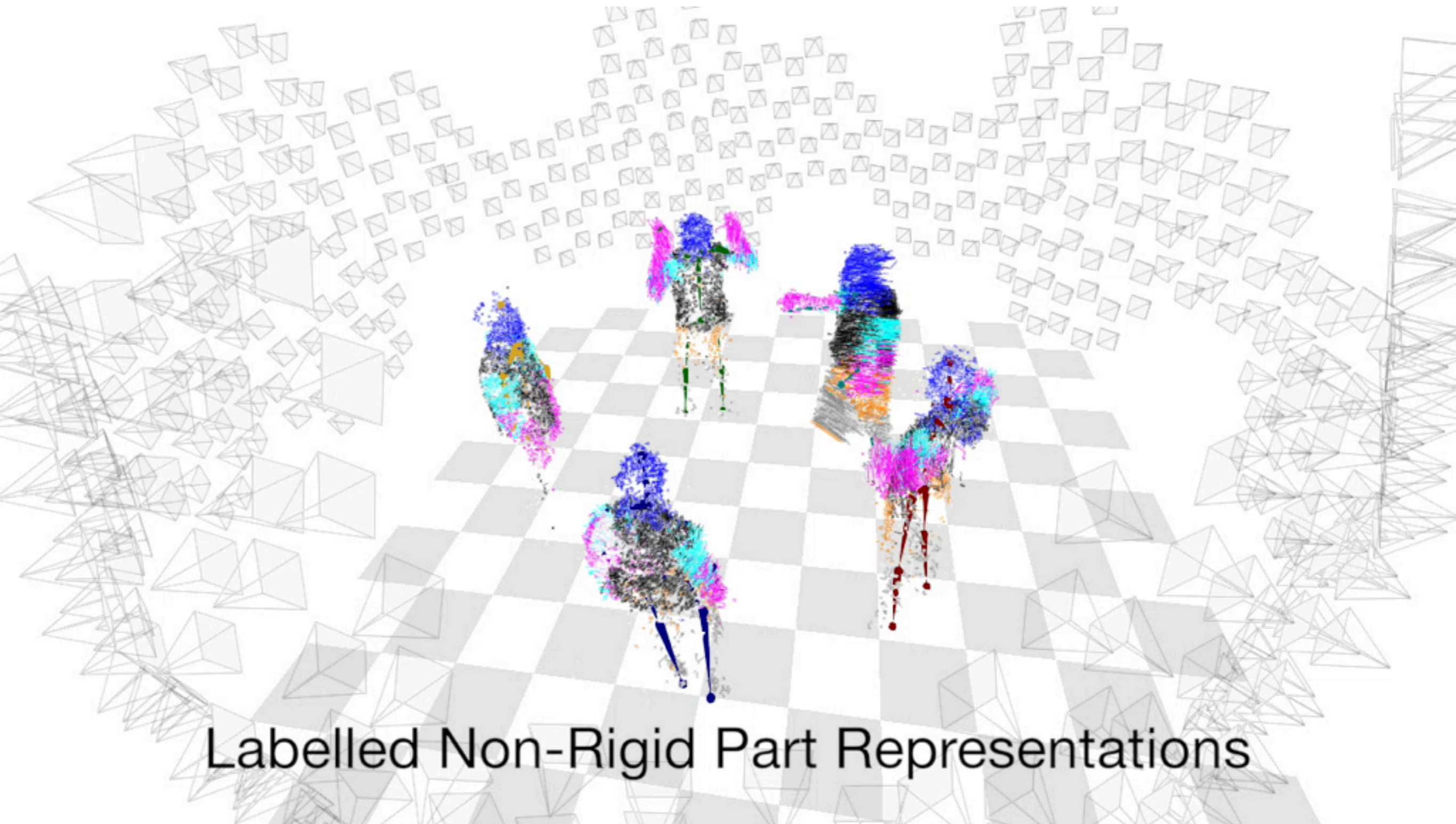
The 007-Bang Sequence



The "007-Bang" Sequence

Social Motion Capture Result

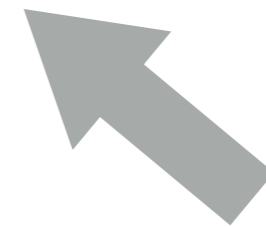
The 007-Bang Sequence



Labelled Non-Rigid Part Representations

Social Motion Capture Result

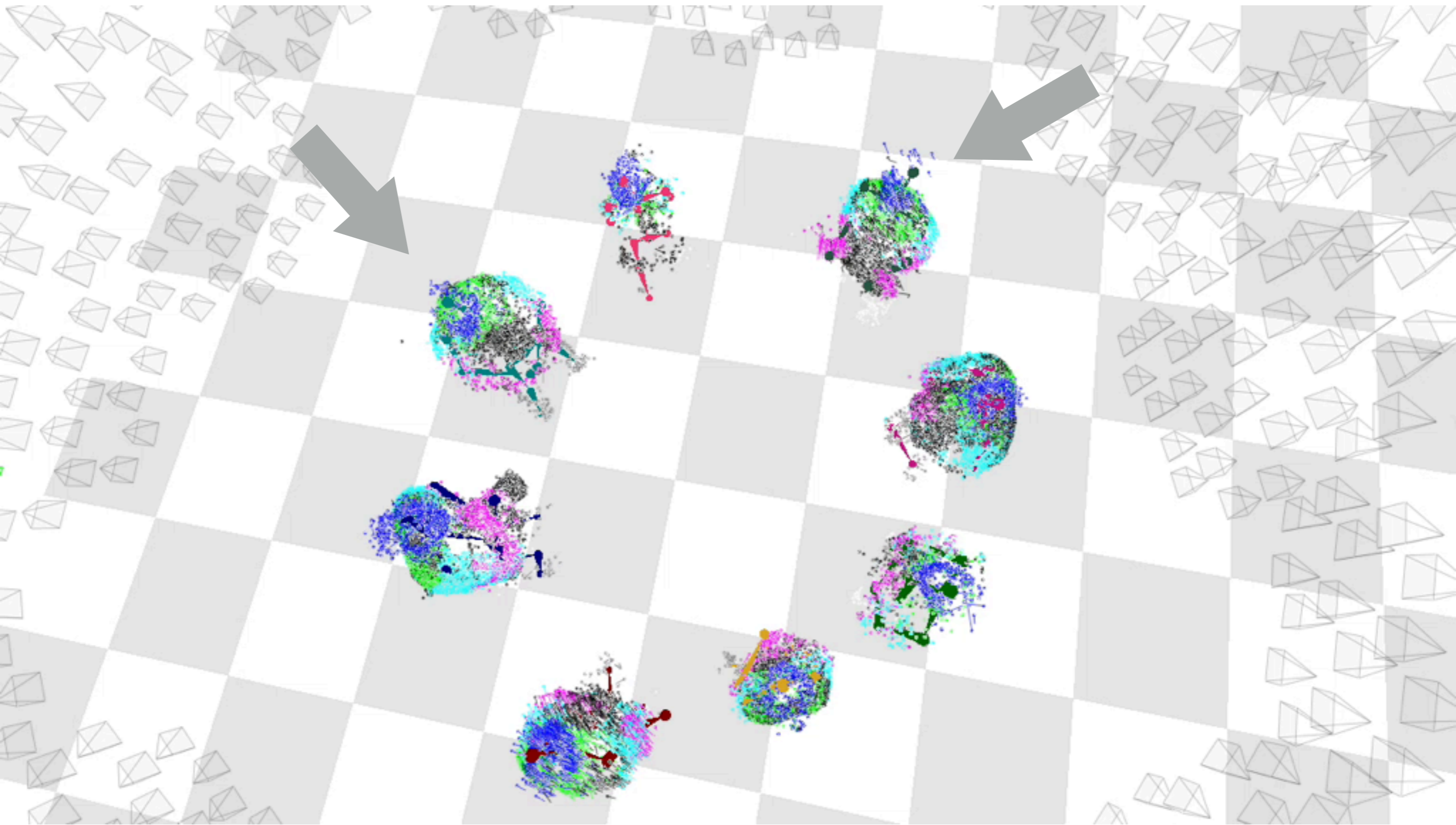
The Mafia Sequence



The "Mafia" Sequence

Social Motion Capture Result

The Mafia Sequence



Future Work

Analyzing Nonverbal Signals of Interacting People



Thank you

Dataset will be available:

<http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~panoptic-studio/>